Introduction

Shifts in the tobacco market due to awareness of tobacco risks, implementation of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (WHO FCTC) provisions (1), and tightening of regulations, have resulted in declining sales of cigarettes in high-income economies. The tobacco industry has responded by promoting so-called ‘cleaner’ or ‘reduced risk’ alternative products, including electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS), of which e-cigarettes are the most common type; electronic non-nicotine delivery systems (ENNDS); and other newer tobacco products such as new generation heated tobacco products (HTPs). Currently, HTPs are available in at least 40 WHO Member States and continue to spread (2). Moreover, the evolution of these products and the interchangeability of the component parts have posed a unique challenge to their monitoring, surveillance, classification and regulation (2).

The high prevalence of tobacco use, paired with increasing measures to combat the use of traditional tobacco products, could drive a market move to these newer tobacco products, which are severely under regulated in many Member States. In 2016, ENDS were banned in 30 WHO Member States globally, 11 of which were in the EMR (3).
Following an emerging trend in the EMR for the legalization of e-cigarettes, a regional consultation was called upon by Member States from the Region to give further guidance on how to deal with these new products, and was held 3–4 July 2019 at the WHO Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean Region, Cairo, Egypt.

The objectives of the consultation were to:

- review the global and regional status of regulation on e-cigarettes and newer tobacco products
- examine best practice regulation on regulating e-cigarettes and newer tobacco products
- review and develop recommendations for EMR Member States on how to regulate e-cigarettes and newer tobacco products.

This consultation was attended by nearly 30 participants including international and regional experts in addition to Member States’ representatives. The consultation served as a platform for sharing recommendations for regulation of ENDS, ENNDS, and HTPs. Two side-by-side texts (one for ENDS/ENNDS and one for HTPs) were finalized during the consultation and are to be included in its final report. The findings of the regional consultation and the side-by-side texts will be the basis of a WHO global consultation to be held in early 2020.

The consultation addressed the following topics: the overarching scientific evidence on ENDS, ENNDS and HTPs and their prevalence in the Region; global recommendations (WHO FCTC/WHO) on ENDS and HTPs and the relevant Articles of the WHO FCTC; ENDS taxation; policy considerations and approaches towards regulating ENDS and HTPs (with a focus on protecting users and non-users and preventing unproven health claims); European perspectives on policies to control ENDS and HTPs; preventing youth initiation; protecting tobacco control policies from vested interests; Illicit tobacco trade in ENDS/ENNDS and HTPs; flavour regulation in the EU; and Member States’ experiences in establishing strong policies to control ENDS and HTPs.

**Summary of discussions**
The work of the consultants and the Member States sought agreement on the elements of the side-by-side text for implementation of the WHO FCTC on ENDS and ENNDS; and the elements of the side-by-side text for implementation of the WHO FCTC on HTPs. During the consultation, experts, Member States, and representatives from WHO Regional Office for the eastern Mediterranean Region, WHO FCTC and WHO HQ were divided into working groups based on their expertise. These groups developed side-by-side texts based on WHO FCTC and Conference of the Parties (COP) decisions, and provided options to Member States for regulations based on international best practices.

**Recommendations to Member States**

Banning either ENDS and ENNDS products until further evidence is available or regulate these products.

Regulating ENDS and ENNDS, if a Member State chooses to do so, using COP and WHO recommendations.

For HTPs, given COP decisions and WHO recommendations, Member States are called upon to regulate them as a tobacco products.

The side-by-side texts included in the report for the consultation contain regulatory options based on COP decisions, WHO recommendations and international best practices for ENDS, ENNDS and HTPs.

**Recommendations to WHO**

continuing its support to Member States for implementing effective control policies for the use of ENDS, ENNDS and HTPs.

continuing supporting Parties to the WHO FCTC to fulfil their obligations under the treaty with respect to ENDS, ENNDS and HTPs.

**References**


Appendix

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