

Highlights

- From 27 April to 13 July 2017, 332 658 suspected cholera cases and 1 759 deaths (CFR: 0.5%) have been reported in 91.3% (21/23) of Yemen governorates, and 87.7% (292/333) of the districts.

Geographical distribution of cases

The **five** most affected governorates were Amanat Al Asimah, Al Hudaydah, Hajjah, Amran and Ibb with 54.4% (181 081/332 658) of the cases reported **since 27 April 2017**. Al Dhaele'e, Al Mahwit and Amran governorates had the highest attack rates (24.0‰, 23.5‰ and 22.5‰ respectively), and Raymah and Hajjah governorates the highest case fatality ratios (1.3% and 1.0% respectively) (see table).

Number of suspected cholera cases & deaths, AR and CFR by governorate, Yemen, 27 April – 13 July 2017

Governorates	Cases	Deaths	CFR (%)	Attack Rate (‰)
Amanat Al Asimah	44 187	56	0.1	13.4
Al-Hudaydah	40 159	200	0.5	12.0
Hajjah	36 136	344	1.0	16.3
Amran	34 462	149	0.4	22.5
Ibb	26 137	227	0.9	8.5
Sana'a	24 846	111	0.4	19.9
Taizz	23 446	154	0.7	7.7
Dhamar	22 223	116	0.5	10.5
Al Dhale'e	18 050	71	0.4	24.0
Al Mahwit	17 877	113	0.6	23.5
Aden	10 209	48	0.5	10.7
Al Bayda	10 117	24	0.2	13.1
Abyan	9 139	30	0.3	15.0
Raymah	6 027	80	1.3	9.5
Lahj	4 108	16	0.4	3.9
Al_Jawf	2 573	13	0.5	4.0
Ma'areb	1 642	4	0.2	4.6
Sa'ada	596	1	0.2	0.7
AL Mahrah	445	1	0.2	2.7
Shabwah	275	1	0.4	0.4
Say'on	4	-	-	0.0
Total	332 658	1 759	0.5	11.2

Al Hali (Al Hudaydah gov., 13 104 cases, 23 deaths), Bani Al Harith (Amanat Al Asimah gov., 8 620 cases, 10 deaths), Ma'ain (Amanat Al Asimah gov., 8 468 cases, 7 deaths), As Sabain (Amanat Al Asimah gov., 6 653 cases, 10 deaths), and Al Hawak (Al Hudaydah gov., 6 336 cases, 11 deaths) were the **five** most affected districts.

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Note: This report is an update to the weekly epidemiology bulletin.