Key Figures



From Jan to Oct 34.364 Screened Children (0 - 59 months) in Oct



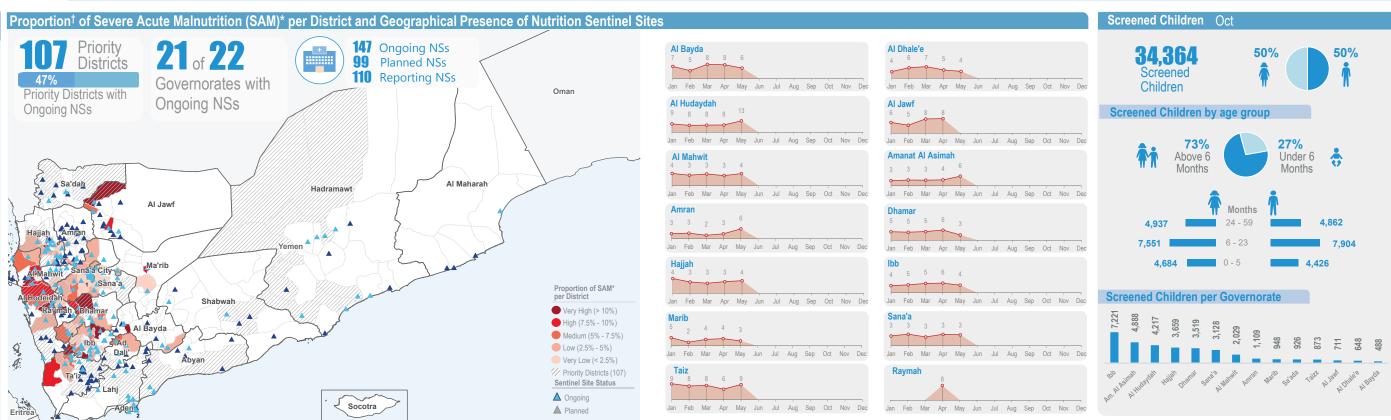












Objectives of the Yemen Nutrition Surveillance System

Proportion[†] of Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)*

monitor children nutritional status early detection of malnutrition and case referral share information and trigger alert verification.

ENSURING THE CONTINUITY AND SAFETY OF NSS SERVICES:

Nutritional assessment in NSS is normally performed through the measurement of child's weigh, height/length, age, hemoglobin level, breastfeeding status, oedema. To mitigate the impact of COVID-19, protocol adaptations are in place to ensure safe screening services and minimize the risk of cross infections while performing a correct assessment. The following indicators are currently assessed:

- Underweight: weight for age
- Acute malnutrition using MUAC
- Exclusive breastfeeding

Proportion of MAM* per District

Very High (> 25%)

High (15% - 25%)

Medium (10% - 15%) Low (5% - 10%)

Very Low (2.5% - 5%)

Priority Districts (107)

as of May 2020

Socotra

Acute malnutrition by WHZ and stunting are temporarily excluded. Although the use of the height board is safe after sanitization, the preferential use of MUAC for children 6 to 59 months can be recommended as an interim measure.

Reference:

- WHO-UNICEF Implementation Guidance for the Prevention, Early Detection and Treatment of Wasting in Children 0-59 Months Through National Health Systems in the Context of COVID-19.
- SOP for nutritional screening in Nutrition Surveillance Sites established in health facilities (Hospitals and PHC), in line with COVID19 preventive measures, Yemen

Methodology:

Facility-based sentinel site surveillance system, established in district hospitals across the country

The system provides proportion of children under five found suffering from any forms of malnutrition, out of the total children screened

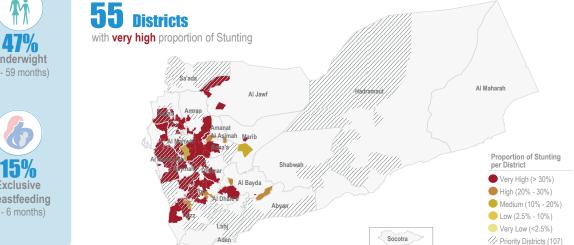
It is not a formal survey using sampling methods to produce representative results. The results only reflect the status of children who have attended the health facility in the month under

The system tracks WHO Global core nutrition indicators: Stunting, Wasting, Exclusive breastfeeding, Anemia.

This bulletin is based on reports received by the health facility surveillance MoPHP teams.

WHO supports the MoPHP and constantly works to expand coverage and improve data quality.

With WHO technical support to national health authorities. Funded by the World Bank.



YEMEN: Nutrition Surveillance

19 Districts

with very high proportion of MAM

Proportion† of Stunting Oct

Oct 2020

Summary for Nutrition Indicators Oct 2020

