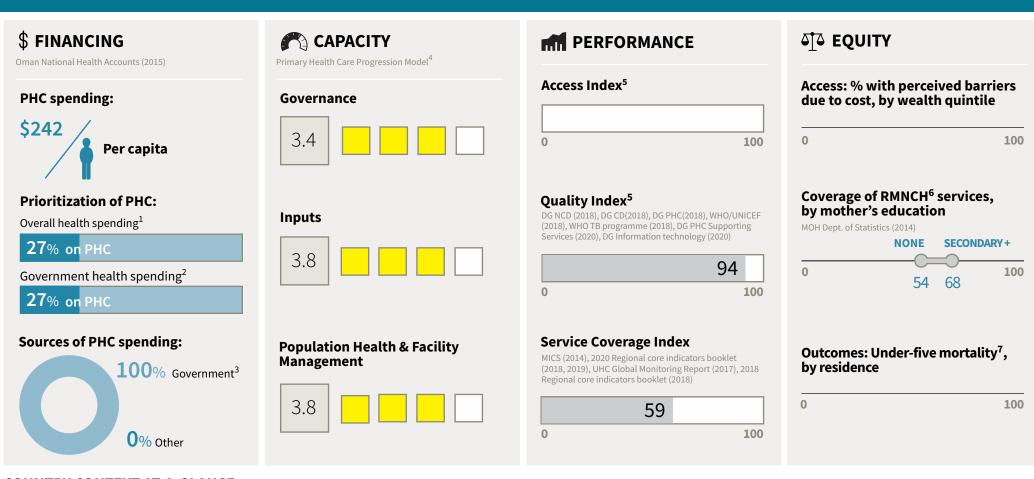




## Oman Primary Health Care Vital Signs Profile





#### **COUNTRY CONTEXT AT-A-GLANCE**



\$29,052

#### Living in poverty (Under \$1.90 int'l

dollars / day)

### Government health spending as % of GDP<sup>8</sup>

WHO GHED (2018)

4%

#### Life expectancy at birth

(Years) WHO (2016)

77

#### Maternal mortalitv<sup>9</sup> (Per 100,000 live

births) WHO est. (2017)

19

#### Neonatal mortality

(Per 1.000 live births) WHO est. (2018)

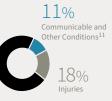
#### **Premature NCD** mortality<sup>10</sup>

(Probability) WHO est. (2016)

18%

#### Causes of death WHO est. (2016)

Non-Communicable



- lote: Indicator values presented here may differ from country data sources due to the use of standardized categories and methods to enhance international comparability. See Indicator Description Sheet for details.
- Note: Scores for the Capacity, Performance, and Equity domains are color-coded to reflect good (green), medium yellow), and poor (red) performance, where comparable data are available. Cut-offs can be found in the Indicator Description Sheet. Scores based on data from non-comparable sources are colored gray. Finance indicators are not color-coded because these indicators lack common targets.
- Domestic general government PHC expenditure as % of domestic general government health expenditure Domestic general government PHC expenditure as % of current PHC expenditure
  - The PHC Progression Model uses mixed methods to assess foundational capacities of PHC on a scale from 1 (low
- to 4 (high)
  Because different data/indicators are used in each country, composite index values may not be comparable across countries. See page 2 for the specific indicators used in this VSP.
- of care (http://www.who.int/gho/health\_equity/report\_2015/en/) Deaths of children before age 5, per 1,000 live births

- Demands of ciniting the body age, per poor we form the second of the product (GDP)
   Maternal mortality: 11.6; HIC annual statistic report 2016
   Probability of dying between ages 30 and 70 from cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease
   Communicable, maternal, perinatal, and nutritional conditions



# capacity domain: detailed vital signs profile indicators

OMAN	SCORE
GOVERNANCE	3.4
Measure 1: Primary health care policies (1/2) Measure 2: Primary health care policies (2/2) Measure 3: Quality management infrastructure Measure 4: Social accountability (1/2) Measure 5: Social accountability (2/2)  Adjustment to Population Health Needs Measure 6: Surveillance Measure 7: Priority setting Measure 8: Innovation and learning	3.4
INPUTS	3.8
Drugs and Supplies  Measure 9: Stock-out of essential medicines  Measure 10: Basic equipment availability  Measure 11: Diagnostic supplies	4.0
Facility Infrastructure  Measure 12: Facility distribution  Measure 13: Facility amenities  Measure 14: Standard safety precautions and equipment	3.7
Information Systems  Measure 15: Civil Registration and Vital Statistics  Measure 16: Health Management Information Systems  Measure 17: Personal care records	4.0
Workforce  Measure 18: Workforce density and distribution  Measure 19: Quality assurance of primary health care workforce  Measure 20: Primary health care workforce competencies  Measure 21: Community health workers	3.3
Funds  Measure 22: Facility budgets  Measure 23: Financial Management Information System  Measure 24: Salary payment	4.0
POPULATION HEALTH AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT	3.8
Population Health Management  Measure 25: Local priority setting  Measure 26: Community engagement  Measure 27: Empanelment  Measure 28: Proactive population outreach	3.5
Facility Organization and Management  Measure 29: Team-based care organization  Measure 30: Facility management capability and leadership  Measure 31: Information system use  Measure 32: Performance measurement and management (1/2)  Measure 33: Performance measurement and management (2/2)	4.0



Oman	SCORE	PERCENTAGE	SOURCE	YEAR
ACCESS				
Financial				
No recent indicator available from	international or national data s	ources		
Geographic				
No recent indicator available from	international or national data s	ources		
QUALITY	94			
Comprehensiveness				
Avg. availability of 5 tracer RMNCH	l services	100%	Directorate General of Primary Health Care	2018
Avg. availability of services for 3 tr		100%	Directorate General of communicable disease surveillance & control, MOH	
Avg. availability of diagnosis & ma	nagement for 3 tracer NCDs	86%	Directorate General of noncommunicable disease	
Continuity	-			
DTP3 dropout rate*		0%	WHO/UNICEF	2018
Treatment success rate for new TE	3 cases	52%	WHO Tuberculosis Programme	2018
Person-Centeredness				
No recent indicator available from	international or national data s	ources		
Provider availability				
% of family planning, women scre screening clinic visits scheduled 10		100%	Directorate of General Information Technology, MOH	2020
Provider Competence				
Adherence to guidelines		100%	Directorate of General Information Technology, MOH	2020-2
Safety				
Adequate waste disposal		100%	Directorate of PHC supporting services, MOH	2020
Adequate infection control		100%	Directorate of PHC supporting services, MOH	2020
SERVICE COVERAGE	59			
Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn	n and Child Health			
Demand for family planning satisf	ied with modern methods	39%	2020 Regional core indicators booklet	2019
Antenatal care coverage (4+ visits)		76%	2019 Regional core indicators booklet	2018
Coverage of DTP3 immunization		99%	2019 Regional core indicators booklet	2018
Care-seeking for suspected child p	oneumonia	56%	UHC Global Monitoring Report	2017
nfectious diseases				
Tuberculosis cases detected and t	reated with success	87%	WHO Tuberculosis Programme	2018
People living with HIV receiving an	ti-retroviral treatment	87%	2020 Regional core indicators booklet	2019
Use of insecticide-treated nets (IT	N) for malaria prevention			
Children under 5 with diarrhea rec	eiving ORS	59%	MICS	2014
Non-Communicable Diseases (NC	Ds)			
% of population with normal bloo	d pressure***	66%	UHC Global Monitoring Report	2017

\*Indicators where lower values are preferable were transformed before inclusion in the index. The modified indicator was defined as 100-X, where X is the original percentage shown in this table. \*\*Country-specific (proxy) indicator, used in absence of globally comparable survey data. \*\*\*Percentage of adult population with normal blood pressure is based on age-standardized estimates. These distributions are rescaled to provide finer resolution before inclusion in the index. Rescaled indicator = (X-50)/ (100-50)\*100, where X is the prevalence of normal blood pressure. For more details see Tracking UHC: 2017 Global Monitoring Report. Note: Summary scores for the domains of Access, Quality, and Coverage are calculated by taking the average of indicator values within each subdomain, and then taking the average across subdomain scores.