

# Morocco







# System/structure

# Governance

A comprehensive national health sector policy, strategy or plan with goals and targets that includes all three components of a PHC approach exists and has been updated (2018)



Adoption of a Health-in-All-Policies approach and existing mechanism for multisectoral governmental coordination (2019)



Inclusion of indicators on relevant social, economic, environmental and commercial determinants of health in national health policies, strategies and plans (2018)



# (\$) Finance



PHC expenditure per capita in US\$

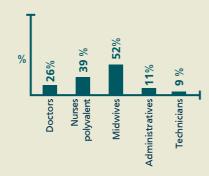


Percentage of domestic general government health expenditure on PHC from total GGHE-D.

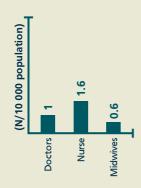
### Inputs

# Health workforce

Percentage of health workforce in PHC care by occupation (2018)<sup>1</sup>



Density of PHC by occupation (2018)<sup>2</sup>



# Health information systems

Presence and use of unique patient identifiers<sup>3</sup>

Use of patient health records follow a patient through their encounter with the health care system (2018)



# Infrastructure



Percentage of population that have to travel more than 5 km or 1 hour to arrive at PHC facility

#### **Processes**

# Model of care

Percentage of patients who are registered at PHC facilities (The national agency for health insurance, 2017)



cases referred to secondary care



Gatekeeper role for general practitioners/family physicians



Formal process exists for referrals



# **Quality processes**



Percentage of facilities that monitor patient experience (Concours Quality, 2019)

# **Empowerment** and engagement

Community/patient participation in facility management meetings



### Outcomes

# **Effective coverage** and quality of care



Percentage of hospital admissions for ambulatory care sensitive conditions



Average availability of 5 tracer reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health (RMNCH)

Services (Paquet Minimum de Services Pour la Circonscription Sanitaire (PMS) 2018)

# **Empowerment** and engagement

Percentage population who believe decision-making is inclusive [SDG 16.7.2]



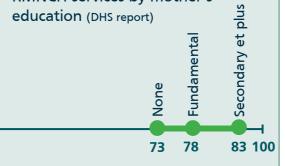


# ប៉ុម្មិន Equity

Under-5 mortality by residence



Percentage coverage of RMNCH services by mother's education (DHS report)



### **Impact**

# Mortality

Maternal mortality ratio [3.1.1] (ENPS, 2018)

72.6 per 100 000

Premature noncommunicable diseases (NCD) mortality [3.4.1] (year: 2016, source: regional indicators booklet 2019)

12%

# **Country context**

GDP per capita (PPP current international \$)

\$ 7 826

(World Bank, 2019)

Population living in poverty (Under \$1.90 int'l dollars/day)

2.2%

Life expectancy at birth

76.1<sub>Years</sub>



Yellow fill indicates a Vital Signs Profile indicator

Purple fill indicates an SDG indicator. The numbers included in brackets refer to an SDG indicator number. Standard reporting sources or accepted United Nations estimates should be used.



Absent

Not available or not reported

Not available or not reported

### INTEGRATED SERVICES/PRIMARY HEALTH CARE

### System/structure

#### **Governance**

Presence of UHC legislation inclusive of PHC Equity mainstreamed in health policy

Existence of regulatory authorities for (health workforce, facilities, essential medicines and products) for both public and private sectors

Presence of quality improvement and assurance processes in the national health plan

Participatory governance structures

#### Finance \

Government health spending as percentage of GDP PHC expenditure as percentage of current health expenditure

Domestic general government expenditure on PHC as percentage of PHC spending

Other sources of PHC expenditure (out of pocket, donor, etc.) as percentage of total PHC expenditure

### Inputs

#### Health workforce

Percentage of primary care workforce specialized in family practice (by occupation)

3.5% 14.9% Physicians Nurses

Proportion of health workforce in PHC who have received minimum continuous professional education according to national requirements in the last year

Vacancy rate in PHC

## Health information systems

Percentage of births registered

Percentage of deaths registered

Explicit adoption of a set of PHC indicators for monitoring and evaluation

Inclusion of section on PHC performance in annual health

sector reporting

Percentage of public sector PHC that reports performance

data

Presence of a comprehensive individual patient record

Presence of a comprehensive family record<sup>4</sup>
Is there a functioning electronic health information system

(eHIS) in the country?
Percentage of PHC facilities using an eHIS

## Infrastructure ¬

Percentage of PHC facilities with adequate WASH

Percentage of PHC facilities with rooms with auditory and visual privacy for patient consultations

Percentage of PHC facilities with communication equipment

99%

Percentage of PHC facilities with access to computer with email/internet access

Percentage of PHC facilities with standard precautions for infection prevention

Percentage of PHC facilities with all infection control items

#### 16% health centers 100% CDTMR N/A

N/A

100%

N/A

of PHC facilities with all infection control items

### **Medicines ▼**

Percentage of PHC facilities with correlated package of services

Proportion of facilities in which essential medicines are available (no stock outs in one year)

## Supplies **¬**

2%

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

4%

100%

16%

Percentage of PHC facilities with standard priority diagnostics and equipment available

100%

#### **Processes**

#### Model of care

Annual outpatient department utilization rates per capita

0.6 C/H 0.7 C/H
Medical Paramedical

Percentage of PHC facilities that can provide mental health

services<sup>5</sup>

Number of consultations per health worker (physician, nurse, etc.) per day

29 19 Physicians Nurses

### Management/quality improvement

Evidence-based national guidelines/protocols/standards exist for the management of all priority causes of morbidity and mortality

Professionalized management at PHC level

Proportion of facilities with up-to-date performance reports in the last 6 months to 1 year

Percentage of PHC facilities with systems to support quality improvement



14%



100%

15%

#### Outcomes

# Effective coverage/quality of care

Percentage of adverse events reported (immunization/ medication)

Percentage of PHC prescriptions that include antibiotics in out patient clinics

Percentage of PHC prescriptions that include injectable medicines

107.6

N/A

N/A

Percentage of registered hypertension patients with blood pressure <90/140 at last 2 follow up visits

Percentage of registered diabetic patients with fasting

Percentage of registered diabetic patients with fasting blood sugar controlled at last 2 follow up visits/A1C <7%

Percentage of registered NCD patients with 10 years cardiovascular risk recorded in the previous year Percentage of women who delivered and received at least

once postnatal care visit within the first 40 days

Percentage of substance users, including tobacco users, in receipt of brief intervention

Percentage of children under 5 that had weight and height measured in the previous year

Children under 5 who are stunted, wasted, overweight, obese

15.1 2.6% 10.8% 2.9% Stunted Wasted Overweight Obese

Children under 5 with diarrhoea receiving ORS
Exclusive breastfeeding 0-5months (%)
Cervical cancer screening rates
Measles-containing-vaccine second-dose immunization

Measles-containing-vaccine second-dose immunization coverage

Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP3) immunization cove

Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP3) immunization coverage Average availability of services for 3 tracer communicable diseases (STI, TB, HIV)

Average availability of diagnosis and management of 3 tracer NCDs (diabetes, chronic respiratory disease, cardiovascular disease)

cardiovascular disease)

Care seeking for suspected child pneumonia

70.3%

### **Equity**

DPT3 immunization coverage

Perceived access barriers due to treatment costs Perceived access barriers due to distance

Percentage of households with adequate WASH: [6.2.1/6.1.1]

93% 96.9% 7 Water Sanitation Hygeine

Percentage of households cooking with clean fuel [7.1.2]

Percentage of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track [4.2.1]

Malaria incidence [3.3.3]

Physical inactivity in adults

Proportion of population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months [16.1.3]

Use of insecticide-treated nets (ITN) for malaria prevention

**₹** N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

22%

N/A

N/A

32.8%

35%

12.4%

95.6%

97.6%

84%

97.6%

62.9%

37%

100%

N/A

7 N/A 26.2%

7 15%



#### **Impact**

#### **Health status**

Adult mortality rate 15–60 years	<b>5.2</b> per <b>1000</b>	
Adolescent mortality rate	N/A	
Under-5 mortality rate	22.2 per 1000 live births	
Infant mortality rate	18 per 1000 live births	
Neonatal mortality rate	713.6 per 1000 live births	
Total fertility rate	2.4 children per woman	
Met need for family planning [3.7.1]	<b>7</b> 80.3%	
DPT3 dropout rate	<b>7.1.7</b> %	
TB treatment success	<mark>&gt; 88</mark> %	
Antenatal care quality score based on WHO guidelines	7	
Antenatal care coverage (4+ visits)	<b>~</b> 60.9%	
Family planning quality score based on WHO guidelines	<b>7 100</b> %	
Demand for family planning satisfied with momenthods	odern 80.3%	
Sick child quality score based on IMCI guidelin	nes 🗾 🗀	
People living with HIV receiving anti-retroviral treatment	<b>&gt; 65</b> %	
Prevalence of raised blood pressure (age-standardized estimate)	<b>29.3</b> %	

### Mortality by cause **▼**

Household and ambient air	pollution [3.9.1]	7	N/A	
Road traffic injuries [3.6.1]		7 9.3	7 per 10	000
Homicide [16.1.1]		7 1.6	per 100	000
Suicide rate [3.4.2]		<b>7</b> 3 p	er <b>100 0</b> 0	00
Causes of death				
80%	14%	<b>6</b> %		
NCDs	Communicable diseases	Injuries		

### **Efficiency**

Proportion of caregivers who were given sick child diagnosis	N/A
Proportion of family planning, antenatal care, and sick child visits over 10 minutes	N/A
Provider absence rate	N/A
Adherence to clinical guidelines	
Diagnostic accuracy	7
Adequate waste disposal	<b>1</b>

### Risk factor/chronic disease prevalence

Obesity prevalence	20%
Diabetes mellitus prevalence	10.6%
Hypertension prevalence	29.3%
Tobacco use [3.A.1]	7 13.4%

#### Resilience **T**

International Health Regulations core capacity index/joint external evaluation	75 (index score) 53 (JEE score)
Disaster-related death rate [1.5.1]	0

#### **Alternative indicators**

Alternative indicators are national indicators which are not the exact same as a PHCMI indicator but provide similar data. In the case the case that an alternative indicator is provided and accepted, it will be be be be be as a provided and accepted.

#### Notes

- <sup>1</sup> Public sector only.
- <sup>2</sup> Public sector only.
- Available for HIV and cancer patients. Plans for scaling up with family medicine approach "Family and individual electronic folder" in progress.
- Available for MCH and patients with chronic morbidities. A pilot project was launched in Casablanca for the implementation of family medicine approach.
- Out of 2888 PHC facilities, 587 have the capacity to provide mental health services. Of these, 83 are currently providing the service..

The data presented here are either reported by countries, come from United Nations estimates, or are directly collected from publicly available sources such as demographic and household survey reports.

Jointly developed by: Department of UHC/Health Systems and Department of Science, Information and Dissemination



Countries around the world agreed to the Declaration of Astana in 2018, vowing to strengthen their primary health care systems as an essential step toward achieving universal health coverage.

The Declaration of Astana reaffirms
the historic 1978 Declaration of Alma-Ata,
the first time world leaders committed to
primary health care.

Thus, a well-organized and prepared health system has the capacity to maintain equitable access to high-quality essential health services throughout an emergency, limiting direct mortality and avoiding indirect mortality.

77

© World Health Organization [2020]

Some rights reserved. This work is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 IGO licence (CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO; https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/igo).

All data are country reported unless otherwise indicated