Eastern Mediterranean Regional COVID-19 Vaccine Effectiveness Network: Challenges and the Way Forward Kamal Fahmy, MD

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Status Update and Important Considerations
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Overview

- 1. General challenges for designing and implementing COVID-19 VE studies
- 2. Country-specific challenges in the EM Regional COVID-19 VE Study
- 3. The way forward



General challenges

General challenges for conducting COVID-19 VE studies

- 1. Shifting landscape of COVID-19 epidemiology and vaccination: emergent nature of the disease and continuous findings from clinical trials and observational studies → frequent updates to recommendations / guidance for COVID-19 studies, including VE
- 2. Complex vaccination schedules (programs): considerable variability worldwide, across the region and within countries → different vaccine products authorized, including locally manufactured products, various dosing schedules, all of which have complicated estimating VE accurately
- **3. Justification of cost-benefit value for certain tests:** serology or anti-S and anti-N antibody testing, genetic sequencing of novel SARS-CoV-2 variants, etc.
- **4. Possibility to reliably use less expensive alternatives in resource-limited settings:** Use of Rapid Diagnostic Test (RDTs) instead of PCR tests for diagnosis of COVID-19 positive cases



Common challenges for conducting *Regional* COVID-19 VE studies

- 1. Standardizing study designs and methodologies for participating counties in accordance with WHO guidelines (protocols)
- 2. Inadequate access to necessary infrastructure (e.g., the need for specific lab equipment, antibody and genetic sequencing test kits, absence of electronic medical record systems, etc.)
- 3. Obtaining necessary approvals: ethical and security clearance from respective authorities in each country to conduct a clinical study and share (transfer) disaggregated anonymized data within the Regional Data Entry Platform (REDCap)
- **4. Lengthy administrative (bureaucratic) processes** for issuing individual contracts with participant countries in the VE Network while *staying on schedule*
- 5. Secure funding: internal and external financial support



Country-specific challenges

Technical and operational challenges

- 1. Missing data due to various reasons (e.g., tracing / tracking study participants and collecting blood samples / NP swabs during the fasting month of Ramadan was difficult in a cohort study among HCWs)
- 2. Reaching adequate (target) sample size for certain studies (e.g., difficulty recruiting <u>controls</u> among HCWs in the cohort design, identifying <u>cases</u> in the SARI TND method, lack of some cases consent forms, loss of follow-up, etc.)
- 3. Standardization and importation of existing electronic data from national datasets (excel) into the Regional Data Entry Platform (REDCap): The case for retrospectively collected data and necessary to allow pooling results across countries for reporting Regional VE estimates
- 4. Amendments / adjustments to the study design post implementation; since this is an emergent disease, there are new vaccination guidelines and expanding target population (e.g., pediatric doses it would be beneficial to investigate VE in this age group, however, inadequate sample sizes to account for stratified statistical analyses in sub-groups)
- **5. Study interruption** due to unforeseen circumstances (e.g., natural disaster, inflation rates, etc.)



The way forward

Technical support

- Adopting approaches from similar experiences in the past
- Adapting technical guidance specific to the needs and requests from investigators and countries in the Region

Upcoming plans

- Visits to study sites
- Capacity-building programs



Technical support

- Adopting approaches based on previous experiences from other viral respiratory diseases (e.g., influenza) and lessons learned from other global surveillance programs (e.g., FluNet or *influenza sentinel surveillance systems*) to address similar challenges encountered for COVID-19
- Adapting our technical support based on specific requests from PIs which are unique challenges they have encountered in their respective studies; tapping into the collective expertise of the multidisciplinary Regional COVID-19 VE technical team to provide customized technical support to each research team based on their unique capacities and circumstances



Visits to study sites

- As part of the **Regional support** to the participating countries, site visits of participating research centers and hospitals were planned to be conducted by the Regional VE technical team and focal points in each country:
- The **aims of the visits** are to:
 - Ensure finalization of participants enrollment
 - Review the processes for samples collection, transfer and analysis, as well as data management
 - Optimize data transfer to the regional data platform
 - Plan for further support to facilitate the study until its completion
- Visits were **prioritized** with countries that had ongoing or prospective studies:
 - Pakistan and Jordan: certain site visits have been conducted
 - **Egypt and Iran:** arrangements to be made / underway



Capacity-building programs for countries in the Region

Virtual workshop (two 2-hour sessions online over two days)

- Updated recommendations and guidelines for conducting COVID-19 VE studies
- Discussing new variants, booster doses, antibody testing, rapid diagnostic tests, etc.

In-person consultative meeting (2-day event in Cairo, Egypt)

- Experience sharing for lessons learnt and challenges encountered among PIs of participating countries in the EM Regional COVID-19 VE Study
- Feedback and guidance from technical support team



Thank you!