A. Summary indicators

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suspected cases</td>
<td>845,912</td>
<td>Total number of suspected cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associated deaths</td>
<td>2,170</td>
<td>Total number of associated deaths</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case Fatality Rate</td>
<td>0.26%</td>
<td>Percentage of deaths among cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governorates affected</td>
<td>96%</td>
<td>Percentage of governorates affected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Districts affected</td>
<td>92%</td>
<td>Percentage of districts affected</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. Epidemic curves

Figure 1: Weekly Epidemic curve

Figure 2a: Daily curve (W42 2017)

Figure 2b: Daily curve (W42 2017)
### Table 1: Summary of key cholera indicators by Governorate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Governorate</th>
<th>Cumulative (27/04/2017 to 17/10/2017)</th>
<th><em>cases</em></th>
<th><em>deaths</em></th>
<th><em>CFR</em> (1)</th>
<th><em>population</em></th>
<th><em>AR</em> (2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amran</td>
<td>82,681</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>0.20%</td>
<td>1,160,559</td>
<td>712.42</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Al Mahwit</td>
<td>48,516</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>0.29%</td>
<td>730,209</td>
<td>664.41</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Al Dhale'e</td>
<td>45,007</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>0.18%</td>
<td>731,496</td>
<td>615.27</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abyan</td>
<td>27,525</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>0.13%</td>
<td>570,832</td>
<td>482.19</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sana'a</td>
<td>62,064</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>0.20%</td>
<td>1,470,346</td>
<td>422.10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hajjah</td>
<td>92,406</td>
<td>408</td>
<td>0.44%</td>
<td>2,329,741</td>
<td>396.64</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dhamar</td>
<td>76,138</td>
<td>156</td>
<td>0.20%</td>
<td>2,012,264</td>
<td>378.37</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Al Hudaydah</td>
<td>119,684</td>
<td>263</td>
<td>0.22%</td>
<td>3,238,199</td>
<td>369.60</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Al Baida</td>
<td>24,435</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>0.12%</td>
<td>759,388</td>
<td>321.77</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amnan Al Asimah</td>
<td>81,559</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>0.08%</td>
<td>2,827,824</td>
<td>283.42</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lahj</td>
<td>22,358</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.09%</td>
<td>1,008,864</td>
<td>221.62</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raymah</td>
<td>13,086</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>0.17%</td>
<td>578,585</td>
<td>214.56</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Al Jawf</td>
<td>12,414</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>0.17%</td>
<td>578,585</td>
<td>214.56</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aden</td>
<td>18,887</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>0.33%</td>
<td>922,996</td>
<td>204.63</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ibb</td>
<td>53,361</td>
<td>278</td>
<td>0.52%</td>
<td>2,957,138</td>
<td>180.45</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taizz</td>
<td>50,321</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>0.36%</td>
<td>2,998,300</td>
<td>167.83</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marib</td>
<td>5,381</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0.13%</td>
<td>358,542</td>
<td>150.08</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sa'ada</td>
<td>6,976</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.07%</td>
<td>911,467</td>
<td>76.54</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Al Maharah</td>
<td>1,163</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.09%</td>
<td>153,306</td>
<td>75.86</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shabwah</td>
<td>1,372</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.22%</td>
<td>636,008</td>
<td>21.57</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mokha</td>
<td>563</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.36%</td>
<td>774,430</td>
<td>7.27</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Say'on</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>654,921</td>
<td>0.23</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yemen</td>
<td>845,912</td>
<td>2,170</td>
<td>0.26%</td>
<td>28,457,130</td>
<td>297.26</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Case Fatality Rate
2. Attack Rate (/10,000 population)