

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global Youth Tobacco Survey to track tobacco use among youth across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

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United Arab Emirates (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The United Arab Emirates GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components United Arab Emirates could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The United Arab Emirates GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 1st - 3rd intermediate and 1st secondary,

conducted in 2001. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of United Arab Emirates. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 95.1%, and the overall response rate was 95.1%. A total of 4178 students participated in the United Arab Emirates GYTS.

Prevalence

18.3% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 26.8%, Girls = 10.3%)

18.5% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 25.2%, Girls = 11.4%)

6.8% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 11.7%, Girls = 2.2%)

15.0% currently use other tobacco products (Boys = 19.0%, Girls = 10.2%)

10.2% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

29.7% think boys and 15.8% think girls who smoke have more friends 28.2% think boys and 16.4% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

15.1% usually smoke at home

40.2% buy cigarettes in a store

71.1% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

30.8% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

36.0% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

72.1% think smoking should be banned from public places

64.7% think smoke from others is harmful to them

28.0% have one or more parents who smoke

6.9% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

65.8% want to stop smoking

58.6% tried to stop smoking during the past year

88.6% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

73.6% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

75.7% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

72.9% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

11.0% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

9.5% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

44.5% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

27.4% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

43.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- Almost 1 in 5 students currently use any form of tobacco; 6.8% currently smoke cigarettes; 15.0% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is moderate 3 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; over one-third of students are exposed to smoke in public places; almost 3 in 10 have parents who smoke.
- Almost two-thirds of students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over 7 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- About two-thirds of smokers want to quit.
- Almost 3 in 4 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; three-fourths of students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards in the past 30 days and over 7 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.