

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global Youth Tobacco Survey to track tobacco use among youth across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

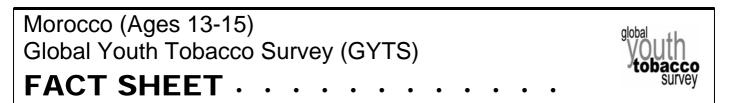
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Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean



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The Morocco GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Morocco could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Morocco GYTS was a school-based survey of students in $7^{th}-9^{th}$ form of elementary education, conducted in

2001. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Morocco. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 98.0%, the student response rate was 94.8%, and the overall response rate was 92.9%. A total of 3,147 students participated in the Morocco GYTS.

Prevalence

9.6% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 13.8%, Girl = 4.8%)

- 10.8% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 10.8%, Girl = 8.5%)
- 2.6% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 3.9%, Girl = 1.0%)
- 9.2% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 10.4%, Girl = 7.6%)
- 11.3% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

- 13.1% usually smoke at home
- 17.0% buy cigarettes in a store

76.7% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

25.1% live in homes where others smoke

- 37.6% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 78.0% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 67.8% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 25.2% have one or more parents who smoke
- 4.9% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

80.3% want to stop smoking58.9% tried to stop smoking during the past year

Media and Advertising

68.1% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

49.6% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

- 52.3% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 11.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 15.4% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

34.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 24.2% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 28.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- About 1 in 10 students currently use any form of tobacco; 2.6% of students currently smoke cigarettes; 9.2% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is moderate 1 in 4 students live in homes where others smoke; almost 2 in 5 students are exposed to smoke in public places; 1 in 4 students have parents who smoke.
- Two-thirds of students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Almost 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- 4 in 5 current smokers want to quit.
- Almost 7 in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; nearly half of students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards in the past 30 days and more than half of students saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines.