

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global Youth Tobacco Survey to track tobacco use among youth across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

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Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean



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The Lebanon GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Lebanon could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Lebanon GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 3rd and 4th intermediate and 1st secondary, conducted in

2001. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Lebanon. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 98.0%, the student response rate was 98.3%, and the overall response rate was 96.4%. A total of 4951 students participated in the Lebanon GYTS.

Prevalence

27.3% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 33.3%, Girl = 22.8%)
39.9% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 39.9%, Girl = 34.7%)
7.5% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 10.4%, Girl = 5.3%)
38.6% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 45.0%, Girl = 33.9%)
15.5% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

17.3% think boys and 10.4% think girls who smoke have more friends 11.6% think boys and 7.3% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

32.0% usually smoke at home15.4% buy cigarettes in a store91.1% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

77.3% live in homes where others smoke

67.1% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

- 85.8% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 68.2% think smoke from others is harmful to them

67.7% have one or more parents who smoke

12.9% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

49.6% want to stop smoking46.9% tried to stop smoking during the past year62.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

79.5% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

71.2% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

23.8% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

11.5% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

53.9% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 35.3% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 54.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- Nearly 40% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 7.5% currently smoke cigarettes; 38.6% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is very high more than three-fourths of students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; more than twothirds of students are exposed to smoke in public places; almost 7 in 10 have parents who smoke.
- More than two-thirds of students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Nearly half of current smokers want to quit.
- Nearly 4 in 5 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; nearly 8 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards in the past 30 days and over 7 in 10 students saw procigarette ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.