global SChool personnel survey

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global School Personnel Survey to track tobacco use among school personnel across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

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Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean



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The West Bank GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components West Bank could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The West Bank GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2008 West Bank GYTS.

The GYTS was conducted in schools having students in grades 7, 8, 9, and 10. For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of West Bank. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%. For the GSPS, 84.4% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 578 teachers & administrators.

Highlights

- Two in 5 school personnel currently use any tobacco product; 34.3% currently smoke cigarettes and 21.6% currently smoke shisha.
- Nine in 10 schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students; almost one-half have a policy for personnel; over four in five schools enforce their polices.
- Over three-quarters of the schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum.
- Almost 2 in 5 teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use.
- 7.1% of the teachers have ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- Over 1 in 5 schools use nonclassroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.
- 89.0% think smoking should be banned from public places.
- Over 9 in 10 think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use.

Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel

- 46.2% ever smoked cigarettes (Admin = 46.1%, Teachers = 46.7%)
- 36.5% ever smoked shisha (Admin = 33.8%, Teachers = 36.4%)
- 41.2% currently use any tobacco product (Admin = 40.8%, Teachers = 41.1%)
- 34.3% currently smoke cigarettes (Admin = 35.7%, Teachers = 34.6%)
- 21.6% currently smoke shisha (Admin = 13.3%, Teachers = 22.0%)
- 22.7% smoked on school property in the past year (Admin = 21.9%, Teachers = 21.0%)

School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use

96.9% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students 90.2% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students 85.6% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel 48.0% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel 81.5% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

Access to Teaching Materials and Training

76.3% schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum

77.5% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid to bacco use

- 36.5% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use
- 7.1% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention
- 21.9% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

Attitudes

- 89.0% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 97.2% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 94.1% think teacher to bacco use influences youth to bacco use
- 90.0% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned
- 69.7% think the price of tobacco products should be increased
- 87.9% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco