

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global School Personnel Survey to track tobacco use among school personnel across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

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Tunisia

Global School Personnel Survey (GSPS)

FACT SHEET

The Tunisia GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components Tunisia could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Tunisia GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2001 Tunisia GYTS. The GYTS was conducted in schools having students in grades 7^{th} , 8^{th} , and 9^{th} .

For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Tunisia. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%. For the GSPS, 71.2% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 711 teachers and administrators.

Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel

49.2% ever smoked cigarettes (Admin = 74.6%, Teachers = 47.6%)

34.3% currently use any tobacco product (Admin = 52.6%, Teachers = 33.2%)

33.6% currently smoke cigarettes (Admin = 51.9%, Teachers = 32.5%)

18.1% currently use other tobacco products (Admin = 25.4%, Teachers = 17.7%)

School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use

97.4% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

35.4% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

75.0% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

23.7% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

46.8% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

Access to Teaching Materials and Training

82.2% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid tobacco use

14.4% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use

5.3% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention

28.3% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

Attitudes

98.9% think smoke from others is harmful to them

92.8% think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use

94.1% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned

71.9% think the price of tobacco products should be increased

86.0% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco

Highlights

- More than one-third of school personnel currently use any tobacco product; 33.6% currently smoke cigarettes and 18.1% currently use other tobacco products.
- Over one-third schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students; Nearly onequarter have a policy for personnel; Close to half of the schools enforce their polices.
- 14.4% of teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use.
- 5.3% of teachers have ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- Over one-quarter of the schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.
- More than nine in 10 think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use.