

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global School Personnel Survey to track tobacco use among school personnel across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

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Somaliland

Global School Personnel Survey (GSPS)

FACT SHEET

The Somaliland GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components Somaliland could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Somaliland GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2007 Somaliland GYTS.

The GYTS was conducted in schools having students in Prim 6, 7 & 8, and Sec 1. For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Somaliland. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 83.3%. For the GSPS, 78.7% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 214 teachers & administrators.

Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel

53.6% ever smoked cigarettes (Admin = 74.1%, Teachers = 49.4%)

44.1% currently use any tobacco product (Admin = 66.8%, Teachers = 38.0%)

40.4% currently smoke cigarettes (Admin = 62.4%, Teachers = 35.4%)

20.6% currently use other tobacco products (Admin = 39.5%, Teachers = 15.5%)

22.1% smoked on school property in the past year (Admin = 38.2%, Teachers = 18.3%)

School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use

76.4% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

86.9% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

68.3% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

67.6% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

80.0% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

Access to Teaching Materials and Training

41.7% schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum

88.2% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid tobacco use

35.7% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use

19.6% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention

31.1% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

Attitudes

66.0% think smoking should be banned from public places

74.8% think smoke from others is harmful to them

62.9% think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use

59.3% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned

67.7% think the price of tobacco products should be increased

61.2% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco

Highlights

- 44.1% of school personnel currently use any tobacco product; four in 10 currently smoke cigarettes and 20.6% currently use other tobacco products.
- More than eight in 10 schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students; two-thirds have a policy for personnel; four in five schools enforce their polices.
- Two in five schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum.
- Over one-third of the teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use.
- 19.6% of teachers have ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- Three in 10 schools use nonclassroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.
- Two-thirds think smoking should be banned from public places.
- Over three in five think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use.