

global school personnel survey

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global School Personnel Survey to track tobacco use among school personnel across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

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Somalia

Global School Personnel Survey (GSPS)

FACT SHEET

The Somalia GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components Somalia could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Somalia GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2004 Somalia GYTS. The GYTS was conducted in schools having students in Fasalka ama darajada afraad, Fasalka ama darajada Shanaad,

Darajada ama fasalka Lixaad, Darajada ama fasalka Toddobaad, Fasalka ama darajada Sideedaad and Darajada ama fasalka kowaad ee dugsiya sare (form one). For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Somalia. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 92.0%. For the GSPS, 78.6% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 161 teachers & administrators.

Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel

- 82.9% ever smoked cigarettes (Admin = 95.8%, Teachers = 78.9%)
- 80.0% currently use any tobacco product (Admin = 90.5%, Teachers = 76.4%)
- 78.0% currently smoke cigarettes (Admin = 91.2%, Teachers = 73.6%)
- 43.5% currently use other tobacco products (Admin = 57.9%, Teachers = 39.4%)
- 53.2% smoked on school property in the past year (Admin = 71.1%, Teachers = 46.8%)

School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use

- 87.5% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students
- 31.6% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students
- 90.7% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel
- 37.6% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel
- 66.4% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

Access to Teaching Materials and Training

- 89.9% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid tobacco use
- 17.2% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use
- 15.3% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention
- 40.7% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

Attitudes

- 82.8% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 87.7% think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use
- 85.9% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned
- 88.6% think the price of tobacco products should be increased
- 80.4% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco

Highlights

- Eight in 10 school personnel currently use any tobacco product; over three-quarters currently smoke cigarettes and close to half currently use other tobacco products.
- Three in 10 schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students; two in five have a policy for personnel; two-thirds of the schools enforce their policies.
- 17.2% of teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use.
- 15.3% of teachers have ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- Over two in five schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.
- More than four in five think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use.