

# Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global School Personnel Survey to track tobacco use among school personnel across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

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#### Pakistan - Lahore

# Global School Personnel Survey (GSPS)

## FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . . .

The Pakistan - Lahore GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components Pakistan - Lahore could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Pakistan - Lahore GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2008 Pakistan - Lahore GYTS. The GYTS was conducted in

schools having students in grades 8, 9, and 10. For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Pakistan - Lahore. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 85.0%. For the GSPS, 100.0% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 464 teachers & administrators.

#### **Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel**

- 9.1% ever smoked cigarettes (Admin = 3.3%, Teachers = 11.2%)
- 5.9% currently use any tobacco product (Admin = 4.7%, Teachers = 6.3%)
- 4.4% currently smoke cigarettes (Admin = 1.7%, Teachers = 5.3%)
- 2.1% currently use other tobacco products (Admin = 4.7%, Teachers = 1.2%)
- 2.4% smoked on school property in the past year (Admin = 4.7%, Teachers = 1.7%)

#### **School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use**

98.5% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

72.0% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

98.1% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

70.1% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

98.8% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

### **Access to Teaching Materials and Training**

25.7% schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum

95.5% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid tobacco use

45.1% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use

7.3% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention

44.2% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

#### **Attitudes**

95.6% think smoking should be banned from public places

98.0% think smoke from others is harmful to them

95.3% think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use

97.7% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned

71.4% think the price of tobacco products should be increased

98.3% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco

## **Highlights**

- 5.9% of school personnel currently use any tobacco product; 4.4% currently smoke cigarettes.
- Over seven in 10 schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students; seven in 10 have a policy for personnel; over nine in 10 schools enforce their polices.
- One-quarter of the schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum.
- Almost one-half of the teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use.
- 7.3% of teachers have ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- Over four in 10 schools use onclassroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.
- 95.6% think smoking should be banned from public places.
- Over 9 in 10 think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use.