

# Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global School Personnel Survey to track tobacco use among school personnel across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

All reasonable precautions have been taken by the World Health Organization to verify the information contained in this publication. However, the published material is being distributed without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied. The responsibility for the interpretation and use of the material lies with the reader. In no event shall the World Health Organization be liable for damages arising from its use.





#### Oman

## Global School Personnel Survey (GSPS)

## FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . . .

The Oman GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components Oman could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Oman GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2007 Oman GYTS.

The GYTS was conducted in schools having students in grades 7<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup>, 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup>. For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Oman. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%. For the GSPS, 100.0% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 1,903 teachers & administrators.

#### **Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel**

19.7% ever smoked cigarettes (Admin = 36.1%, Teachers = 19.0%)

12.6% ever smoked shisha (Admin = 12.4%, Teachers = 12.7%)

11.6% currently use any tobacco product (Admin = 19.6%, Teachers = 11.2%)

9.7% currently smoke cigarettes (Admin = 16.7%, Teachers = 9.4%)

7.2% currently use other tobacco products (Admin = 15.7%, Teachers = 6.8%)

3.2% smoked on school property in the past year (Admin = 14.8%, Teachers = 2.7%)

#### **School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use**

96.2% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

87.1% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

94.6% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

78.1% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

92.9% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

### Access to Teaching Materials and Training

69.5% schools include to bacco use prevention in school curriculum

80.8% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid tobacco use

42.3% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use

9.8% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention

36.6% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

#### **Attitudes**

90.4% think smoking should be banned from public places

96.6% think smoke from others is harmful to them

95.6% think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use

93.2% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned

84.5% think the price of tobacco products should be increased

94.1% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco

#### **Highlights**

- 11.6% of school personnel currently use any tobacco product; 9.7% currently smoke cigarettes and 7.2% currently use other tobacco products.
- More than four in five schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students; over three-quarters have a policy for personnel; Nine in 10 schools enforce their polices.
- Seven in 10 schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum.
- Two in five teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use.
- 9.8% of teachers have ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- More than one-third of the schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.
- Nine in 10 think smoking should be banned from public places.
- 95.6% think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use.