

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global School Personnel Survey to track tobacco use among school personnel across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

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Lebanon

Global School Personnel Survey (GSPS)

FACT SHEET

The Lebanon GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components Lebanon could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Lebanon GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2005 Lebanon GYTS.

The GYTS was conducted in schools having students in grades 7, 8 and 9. For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Lebanon. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 98.0%. For the GSPS, 99.2% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 222 teachers & administrators.

Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel

65.1% ever smoked cigarettes (Teachers = 63.6%)

47.7% ever used shisha (Teachers = 49.1%)

61.0% currently use any tobacco product (Teachers = 61.1%)

36.7% currently smoke cigarettes (Teachers = 35.8%)

48.3% currently use other tobacco products (Teachers = 48.2%)

27.3% smoked on school property in the past year (Teachers = 25.0%)

School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use

99.2% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

61.4% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

89.7% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

33.1% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

36.8% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

Access to Teaching Materials and Training

95.8% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid tobacco use

44.6% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use

21.5% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention

28.6% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

Attitudes

98.0% think smoke from others is harmful to them

97.7% think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use

93.0% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned

89.5% think the price of tobacco products should be increased

90.8% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco

Highlights

- Six in 10 school personnel currently use any tobacco product; over one-third currently smoke cigarettes and half currently use other tobacco products.
- Six in 10 of the schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students; one-third have a policy for personnel; close to two in five schools enforce their polices.
- More than two in five teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco
- One in five teachers has ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- Three in 10 schools use nonclassroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.
- Almost all think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use.