

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global Health Professions Student Survey to track tobacco use among health professions students across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

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Somaliland - Nursing Students (3rd Year Students Only) Global Health Professions Student Survey (GHPSS)

FACT SHEET

The Somaliland nursing students GHPSS includes data on prevalence of cigarette smoking and use of other tobacco products, knowledge and attitudes about tobacco use, exposure to second-hand smoke, desire for smoking cessation, and training received during nursing school regarding patient counseling on smoking cessation techniques. This information could be very useful in monitoring and developing Somaliland's comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Somaliland nursing students GHPSS was a school-based survey of 3rd year nursing students attending the 1 nursing schools in Somaliland conducted in 2007. The school response rate was 100% and the student response rate was 100%. A total of 32 students participated in the Somaliland nursing students GHPSS.

Prevalence

- 30.0% ever smoked cigarettes (Males = 54.5%, Females = 15.8%)
- 6.5% currently smoke cigarettes (Males = 8.3%, Females = 5.3%)
- 6.3% ever used any form of tobacco other than cigarettes (Males = 7.7%, Females = 5.3%)
- 6.3% currently use any form of tobacco other than cigarettes (Males = 7.7%, Females = 5.3)

Factors Influencing Tobacco Use

- 65.6% were exposed to second-hand smoke at home, during the past week.
- 65.6% were exposed to second-hand smoke in public places during the past week.
- 40.0% reported that their school had a ban on smoking in school buildings and clinics.
- 60.0% reported that their school enforced the ban on smoking in school buildings and clinics.
- 87.1% thought smoking should be banned in all enclosed public places.
- 65.6% thought tobacco sales to adolescents should be banned.
- 51.6% thought there should be a complete ban on advertising tobacco products.
- 74.2% were taught about the dangers of smoking during nursing school training.

Role Model and Cessation Training

- 84.4% thought health professionals serve as role models for their patients.
- 77.4% received formal training in smoking cessation approaches during nursing school.
- 83.9% thought health professionals should get specific training on cessation techniques.

Highlights

6.5% currently smoke cigarettes and 6.3% currently use other tobacco products.

Nearly two-thirds were exposed to smoke in public places.

Close to 9 in 10 support a ban on smoking in all enclosed public places.

Over three-quarters received training to provide patients with cessation approaches.

More than 4 in 5 think health professionals should get specific training on cessation techniques to use with patients.