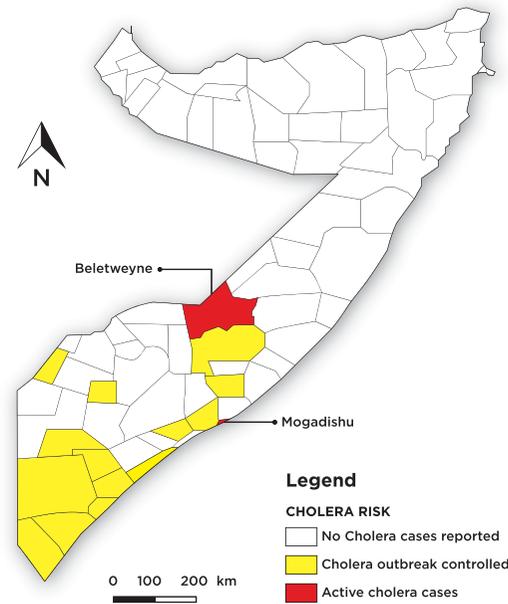


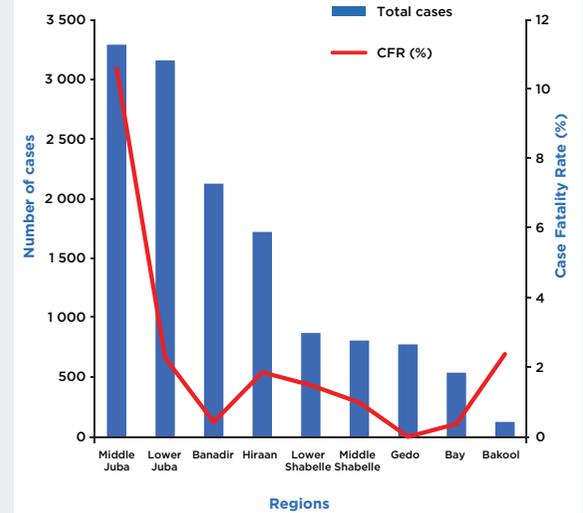
### HIGHLIGHTS

- As of October 2016, a cumulative number of 13 728 AWD/Cholera cases and 496 (CFR 3.6%) deaths were reported in 25 districts. Of these 6 520 (47.5%) are women, while 7 968 (58.0%) are children below 5 years;
- As shown in the EPI curve, there was a significant reduction (34%) in the number of cases reported from 164 cases and zero deaths in September to 108 cases and zero deaths in October;
- Of the 108 cases of AWD/Cholera reported, 90 cases were from Banadir and 18 from Beledweyne;
- One stool sample from a 19-year-old male from Banadir tested positive for *Vibrio Cholerae*, serotype *Inaba*;
- Since January 2016, the most affected districts are Banadir, Kismayo, Sakow, Bu'ale, Jowhar, Belet-Hawo and Jalalaqsi.

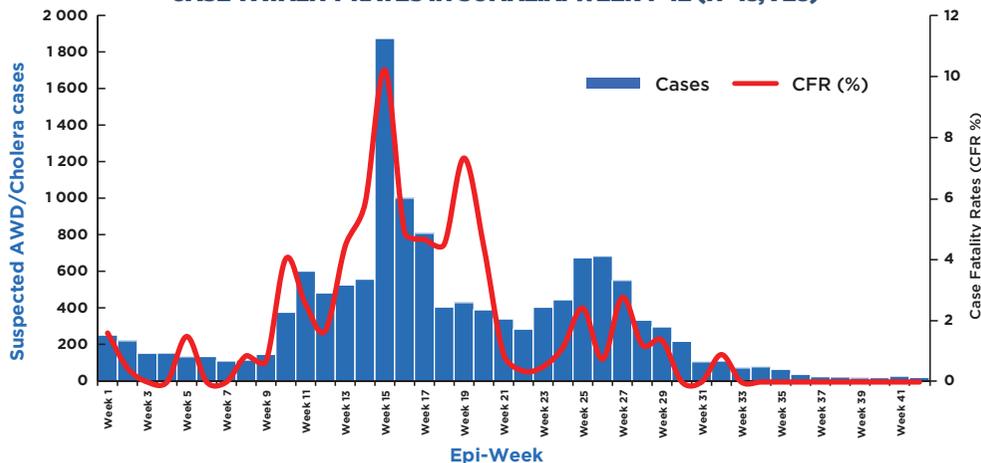
MAP OF SOMALIA SHOWING AWD/CHOLERA HOT SPOTS; OCTOBER 2016



DISTRIBUTION OF SUSPECTED CHOLERA/AWD CASES AND CASE-FATALITY RATES PER REGION IN SOMALIA. JANUARY - OCTOBER 2016



EPIDEMIC CURVE OF SUSPECTED AWD/CHOLERA CASES AND CASE-FATALITY RATES IN SOMALIA. WEEK 1-42 (N=13, 728)



### ACTIONS UNDERTAKEN TO CONTAIN CHOLERA

- Finalization of the cholera preparedness and response plan for Somalia;
- Quantification of essential supplies for cholera case management to be pre-positioned in different hotspot regions;
- Mobilization of resources to conduct cascade cholera preparedness and response training among health workers in hotspot areas;
- Enhancement of active surveillance, stool sample collection and laboratory diagnosis, case management practices, risk communication, WASH activities in affected areas by WHO and Health cluster partners;
- Participation in the sub-regional meeting for cholera preparedness and response conducted in Nairobi from 27-28 October;

### SUMMARY STATISTICS

