Table 2 Risk factors for hospitalization in the study sample of children with asthma attending the outpatient clinic and emergency department in Sohag University hospital, Egypt Hospital treatment P-value^a Variable Home treatment (n = 140)(n = 38)Presenting symptoms < 0.001 52 37.1 0 0.0 Cough 2 2 5.3 Dyspnoea 3.1 Both 86 36 94.7 61.4 Demographic factors Sex 0.02 Female 53 84.1 10 26.3 Male 87 75.7 28 73.7 Age (years) [mean (SD)] 5.8 (2.4) 6.9 (2.6) 0.19 **Environmental factors** 0.06 Residence Rural 84 60.0 29 76.3 Urban 56 40.0 9 23.7 Exposure to indoor animals 0.51 No 69 49.3 16 42.1 Cats 16 11.4 4 10.5 Chickens 19 9 23.7 13.6 Cats + chickens 25.7 9 23.7 36 Exposure to outdoor dust and smoke 0.08 Nο 55 39.3 9 23.7 Yes 85 60.7 29 76.3 Exposure to tobacco smoke 0.71 No 58 41.4 17 44.7 Yes 82 58.6 21 55.3 Clinical factors Anthropometric measures Weight (kg) [mean (SD)] 20.0 (6.5) 22.0 (6.9) 0.09 Height (cm) [mean (SD)] 110.0 (14.4) 116.0 (16.2) 0.02 Positive family history of asthma 0.04 No 71 50.7 12 31.6 69 49.3 26 68.4 Yes Diurnal variations of symptoms 0.001 Night only 94 36.8 67.1 14 Day + night 46 32.9 24 63.2 Exercise-induced asthma 0.052 No 69 49.3 12 31.6 Yes 71 50.7 26 68.4 Upper respiratory tract infections 0.56 No 41 29.3 13 34.2 99 25 65.8 Yes 70.7 Relieving factors Rest 0.16

86

54

61.4

38.6

28

10

73.7

26.3

No

Yes

^aChi-squared test was used for categorical factors and t-test for quantitative data.

department in Sohag University hospital, Egypt (concluded)

Variable

No

Yes

No

Yes

No

Yes

Oral bronchodilator

Inhaled bronchodilator

Prophylactic treatment

No.	

24

116

139

111

29

Relieving factors

6

32

0

38

21

17

Hospital treatment

(n = 38)

15.8

84.2

0.0

100.0

55.3

44.7

P-value^a

0.84

0.6

0.003

17.1 82.9

0.7

99.3

79.3

20.7

Table 2 Risk factors for hospitalization in the study sample of children with asthma attending the outpatient clinic and emergency

Home treatment

(n = 140)