| able 4. Relationships between key variables             |  |          |
|---|--|----------|
| Variables/relationships                                 | Category/variables   | P value. |
| Relationships between key variables                     |  |          |
| Age group-increased health care costs                   | Age group  | 0.010    |
| Income level-barriers to accessing medicines            | Income level   | 0.002    |
| Occupation-access to specialized care                   | Occupation   | 0.168    |
| Education level-satisfaction with health care services  | Educational Level  | 0.002    |
| Household size-preparedness for future conflicts        | Household Size   | 0.034    |
| Gender-access to medicines                              | Gender   | 0.054    |
| ealth care costs and demographic variables              |  |          |
| Age-health care costs increased                         | 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64, ≥ 65 (years)                                | 0.03     |
| Income level-health care costs increased                | Low, middle, high  | < 0.01   |
| Education level-health care costs increased             | No formal, primary, secondary, higher, postgraduate                            | 0.04     |
| arriers to accessing medicines and other variables      |  |          |
| Age-health care costs increased                         | 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64, ≥ 65 (years)                                | 0.03     |
| Income level-health care costs increased                | Low, middle, high  | < 0.01   |
| Education level-health care costs increased             | No formal, primary, secondary, higher, postgraduate                            | 0.04     |
| arriers to accessing medicines and other variables      |  |          |
| Income level-high barrier to access                     | Low, middle, high  | < 0.01   |
| Gender-high barrier to access                           | Male, female   | 0.02     |
| Education level-high barrier to access                  | No formal, primary, secondary, higher, postgraduate                            | 0.03     |
| rvice effectiveness and satisfaction                    |  |          |
| Service type-high satisfaction                          | Non-government, government   | < 0.01   |
| Insurance coverage-high satisfaction                    | Yes, No  | 0.03     |
| rvice quality issues and health complications           |  |          |
| Service quality issues-health complications experienced | Frequently, Occasionally, Rarely, Never  | < 0.01   |
| ffectiveness of health campaigns and accessibility      |  |          |
| Health campaign effectiveness-mental health services    | Very effective, effective, neutral, ineffective, very ineffective              | 0.02     |
| hanges in health and other variables                    |  |          |
| Conflict-related health changes-increased costs         | Yes, No  | < 0.01   |
| Conflict-related health changes-barriers to medicines   | Yes, No  | N/A      |
| Conflict-related health changes-satisfaction            | Yes, No  | N/A      |
| mergency health care quality and medicine access        |  |          |
| Quality of emergency health care-high barrier to access | Excellent, good, fair, poor, very poor   | 0.01     |
| rimary health care accessibility and costs              |  |          |
| Primary health care accessibility - increased costs     | Much more, somewhat more, same, somewhat less, much less                       | 0.03     |
| ommunication quality and satisfaction                   |  |          |
| Communication quality-high satisfaction                 | Excellent, good, fair, poor, very poor   | 0.02     |
| creased health care costs and barriers to medicines     |  |          |
| Health care costs increase-high barrier to access       | < 10%, 10-30%, 31-50%, > 50%   | 0.04     |
| nancing methods and financial burden                    |  |          |
| Financing method-high financial burden                  | Personal savings, loans, humanitarian assistance, government assistance, other | 0.01     |
| ledicine shortages and coping strategies                |  |          |
| Medicine shortages-substituting with alternatives       | Daily, weekly, monthly, rarely, never  | 0.02     |