Table 2 Analytical framework to assess engagement of the private health care sector in controlling noncommunicable diseases at the primary care level in EMR countries

Governance	Intervention area for NCDs		
	Prevention and reduction of risk factors	Surveillance, monitoring and evaluation	Care and management
Engagement in formation of national framework legislation or NCD national action plan Establishing NCD essential service packages, clinical practice guidelines and role in regulating and monitoring the practice and quality of private health care services Role in health care financing: financial contribution to the national NCD agenda (e.g. subsidised services) Coordination mechanisms and data sharing for NCDs Intelligence (information generation, consolidation, compilation, use)	Counselling on healthy lifestyle Tobacco cessation Alcohol screening, brief intervention and referral to treatment Diet (salt, sugar, fat) Physical activity Promotion of breastfeeding	Contribution to NCD mortality surveillance Contribution (technical assistance) to monitoring NCDs and risk factors (e.g. STEPS survey) and evaluating progress at the regional, national and global levels Monitoring and evaluation of quality of care at primary health care level Availability of health information system tools (patient records, score cards, routine surveillance system, registries)	Risk assessment and screening at primary care level Capacity-building of health professionals to deal with NCDs Compliance with evidence-based guidelines Service delivery across continuum of care (promotion, prevention, early detection, treatment and management, palliative care Self-management, care, therapeutic education Supply chain management