

**Table 2 Risk factors associated with OBI in Egyptian HCWs**

	Positive		$\chi^2$	<i>P</i> value
	<i>n</i>	%		
<b>Age (yr)</b>				
≤ 30	2	28.6	0.010	0.918
≥ 30	5	71.4		
<b>Sex</b>				
Female	0	0.0	7.619	0.006*
Male	7	100.0		
<b>Prior surgery</b>				
No	7	100.0	0.477	0.490
Yes	0	0.0		
<b>Non-HCPs</b>				
HCPs	4	57.1	0.004	0.953
<b>Nongovernmental HCWs</b>				
Governmental HCWs	3	42.9	0.070	0.791
<b>Governmental HCWs</b>				
	4	57.1		
<b>Diabetes mellitus</b>				
No	7	100.0	0.114	0.736
Yes	0	0.0		
<b>PAT</b>				
No	7	100.0	0.056	0.812
Yes	0	0.0		
<b>Anti-HCV</b>				
Nonreactive	6	85.7	0.013	0.909
Reactive	1	14.3		

\*Significant result ( $P \leq 0.05$ ).

HCP – healthcare provider; HCV – hepatitis C virus; HCW – healthcare worker; OBI – occult hepatitis B infection; PAT – parenteral antischistosomal therapy.