Table 3 Multiple logistic regression analysis of predictive factors of dysmenorrhoea among adolescent women in Sidon city, Lebanon n = 389

| Variable                                  | β     | P-value | OR   | 95% CI    |
|---|-------|---------|------|-----------|
| Age 13-15 vs 16-19 years                  | 0.778 | 0.08    | 2.18 | 0.91-5.21 |
| Duration of menses ≥ 7 vs ≤ 6 days        | 1.422 | 0.003   | 4.15 | 1.61-10.7 |
| Length of cycle ≥ 29 vs ≤ 28 days         | 1.131 | 0.013   | 3.10 | 1.27-7.54 |
| Menstrual experience negative vs positive | 2.302 | < 0.001 | 9.99 | 4.29-23.3 |

Model fit = 82.8%, -2 log likelihood = 147.29,  $\chi^2 = 54.691$ , P < 0.001. OR = odds ratio; CI = confidence interval.