

Table 4 Medical faculties with coverage of diseases endemic in Sudan according to type of curriculum: traditional, innovative (community-oriented) or hybrid (mix of both)

Disease	% of faculties with coverage of:											
	Traditional curriculum (n = 7)				Innovative curriculum (n = 8)				Hybrid curriculum (n = 5)			
	Epidemiology	Diagnosis	Management	Control & prevention	Epidemiology	Diagnosis	Management	Control & prevention	Epidemiology	Diagnosis	Management	Control & prevention
Malaria	86	100	100	86	100	88	88	100	80	80	80	80
Schistosomiasis	86	100	100	86	100	88	88	100	80	80	80	80
Leishmaniasis	86	86	86	100	100	100	100	88	80	100	80	80
Tuberculosis	86	86	86	86	100	100	100	88	80	100	80	100
Diarrhoeal diseases	71	86	86	86	88	100	100	75	80	80	80	80
Cholera	71	86	100	86	88	100	88	88	80	80	80	60
Typhoid	57	86	100	86	63	88	88	100	80	100	80	80
Brucellosis	71	100	100	100	88	100	88	88	80	100	80	80
Hepatitides	100	86	86	86	88	100	100	88	80	100	80	100
Meningitis	86	86	86	100	100	100	88	88	80	100	100	80
Diphtheria	71	86	86	86	88	88	88	88	80	60	60	60
AIDS	71	86	86	86	88	88	88	88	80	100	100	100
Leprosy	71	86	86	86	100	88	100	75	60	100	80	80
Tetanus	100	86	86	86	75	88	100	75	100	100	80	80
Whooping cough	86	71	71	86	75	88	88	88	80	80	80	60
Measles	86	86	86	86	75	75	88	75	80	80	60	80
Trachoma ^a	14	14	43	29	50	38	38	38	20	40	60	20
Scabies ^a	14	43	29	14	13	38	38	50	40	0	20	20
Intestinal parasites	71	86	86	86	88	88	100	88	80	100	80	60
Filariasis ^a	43	71	57	57	63	75	50	50	60	40	60	60
Haemorrhagic fevers ^a	29	86	43	14	38	88	50	13	60	60	60	40
Trypanosomiasis ^a	14	29	14	29	38	38	50	38	40	60	20	20
Poliomyelitis	100	86	86	86	88	88	88	75	80	100	100	80
Anthrax ^a	0	0	14	0	13	13	13	13	20	20	40	20

^aDisease addressed by <80% of each of the different categories of medical faculties.