$(n = 108^a)$ value^b No. with % stress

case group (suffered injury in the previous year)

Variable

Primary

High school

University

Marital status

Married

Age (years)

< 25

25 - 35

36 - 45

Job experience (years)

> 46

< 1 1-5

6-10

> 11

Middle

Educational attainment

Single/divorced/separated

NS

13.2

23.6

28.6

23.1

20.7

18.2

25.2

21.3

9.6

7.0

24.6

27.5

17.6

9.8

12

58

26

27

73

12

54

16

7

3

46

25

26

4

Control group

Table 3 Prevalence of job stress by educational attainment, marital status, age group and job experience for workers in the control group (at-risk of injury) and

P-

Case group

(n = 33)

17.6

44.4

55.6

21.7

26.9

38.2

7.7

44.9

47.1

13.3

70.0

41.7

31.3

5.0

No. with %

stress

3

20

5

5

7

26

22

8

2

7

20

5

P-

value^b

NS

NS

0.029

0.002

P-

valuec

NS

NS

NS

NS

NS

NS

NS

< 0.001

0.03

< 0.001

0.019

< 0.001

0.029

0.002

NS

0.012

0.022

^aFigures are less than the total due to missing responses. bUsing multivariate logistic analysis to justify associations between case and control groups.

^cSignificant differences between cases and controls.

n = total number of respondents with high stress; NS = not significant at 5% level.