

Table 3. Prevalence of anopheline larvae collected from different breeding habitats in Siaho District, Bandar Abbas, September 2014–August 2015

Larval habitat		No. of larvae (%)			
		<i>A. stephensi</i>	<i>A. fluviatilis</i>	<i>A. dthali</i>	<i>A. culicifacies</i>
Habitat situation	Permanent	157 (94.0)	162 (100)	141 (100)	108 (90.0)
	Temporary	10 (0.6)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	12 (10.0)
	Running water	0 (0.0)	133 (82.1)	23 (16.3)	0 (0.0)
	Stagnant water	167 (100)	29 (17.9)	118 (83.7)	120 (100)
Vegetation situation	Vegetative	0 (0.0)	131 (80.9)	128 (90.8)	46 (38.3)
	Non vegetative	167 (100)	31 (19.1)	13 (9.2)	74 (61.7)
Clarity	Clear	78 (46.7)	162 (100)	141 (100)	98 (81.7)
	Turbid	89 (53.3)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	22 (18.3)
Water bed	Clay	65 (38.9)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
	Sandy	70 (41.9)	97 (59.9)	70 (49.6)	45 (37.5)
	Cement	32 (19.2)	65 (40.1)	71 (50.4)	75 (62.5)
Sunlight situation	Sunny	120 (71.8)	38 (23.5)	56 (39.7)	60 (50.0)
	Semi-sunny	25 (14.2)	74 (45.7)	45 (31.9)	36 (30.0)
	Shadow	20 (12.0)	48 (29.6)	40 (28.4)	24 (20.0)
Type of habitat	Natural	143 (85.6)	162 (100)	141 (100)	107 (89.2)
	Artificial	24 (14.4)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	13 (10.8)