Pakistan



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Population (000s)	182,143	Life expectancy at birth (years)	66
GNI per capita (PPP Int \$)	4,920	Total health expenditure (% GDP)	2.8
Physician density (per 10 000 population)	0.83	ICT Development Index rank	129
Nurse & midwife density (per 10 000 population)	0.57	Mobile-cellular subscriptions (% population)	67.06
Hospital bed density (per 10 000 population)	6	Internet users (% population)	10

1. eHealth foundations

National policies or strategies			
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted
National universal health coverage policy or strategy	Yes	75%	2014
National eHealth policy or strategy	No	58%	N/A
National health information system (HIS) policy or strategy	Yes	66%	2013
National telehealth policy or strategy	No	22%	N/A
Funding sources for eHealth			
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Funding source %**
Public funding	Yes	77%	25-50%
Private or commercial funding	No	40%	Zero
Donor/non-public funding	Yes	63%	<25%
Public-private partnerships	No	42%	Zero
Multilingualism in eHealth			
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted
Policy or strategy on multilingualism	Yes	28%	2013
Government-supported Internet sites in multiple languages	Yes	48%	
eHealth capacity building			
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Proportion**
Health sciences students – Pre-service training in eHealth	Yes	74%	25-50%
Health professionals – In-service training in eHealth	Yes	77%	25-50%

2. Legal frameworks for eHealth

Policy or legislation – purpose	Country response	Global "yes" response§
Defines medical jurisdiction , liability or reimbursement of eHealth services such as telehealth	No	31%
Addresses patient safety and quality of care based on data quality, data transmission standards or clinical competency criteria	No	46%
Protects the privacy of personally identifiable data of individuals irrespective of whether it is in paper or digital format	No	78%
Protects the privacy of individuals' health-related data held in electronic format in an EHR	No	54%
Governs the sharing of digital data between health professionals in other health services in the same country through the use of an EHR	No	34%
Governs the sharing of digital data between health professionals in health services in other countries through the use of an EHR	No	22%
Governs the sharing of personal and health data between research entities	‡	39%
Allows individuals electronic access to their own health-related data when held in an EHR	No	29%
Allows individuals to demand their own health-related data be corrected when held in an EHR if it is known to be inaccurate	No	32%
Allows individuals to demand the deletion of health-related data from their EHR	No	18%
Allows individuals to specify which health-related data from their EHR can be shared with health professionals of their choice	No	28%
Governs civil registration and vital statistics	Yes	76%
Governs national identification management systems	Yes	65%



3. Telehealth

Telehealth programmes country overview			
	Health system level**	Programme type**	
Teleradiology	Local	Informal	
Teledermatology	Intermediate, Local	Informal, Pilot	
Telepathology	Local	Informal	
Telepsychiatry	Local	Informal	
Remote patient monitoring	Intermediate	Pilot	

4. Electronic Health Records (EHRs)

EHR country overview		
	Country response	Year introduced
National EHR system	Yes	2013
Legislation governing the use of the national EHR system	Yes	
Health facilities with EHR	Use EHR	Facilities with EHR %**
Primary care facilities (e.g. clinics and health care centres)	Yes	25-50%
Secondary care facilities (e.g. hospitals, emergency care)	Yes	25-50%
Tertiary care facilities (e.g. specialized care, referral from primary/secondary care)	Yes	25-50%
Other electronic systems	Country response	Global "yes" response§
Laboratory information systems	Yes	35%
Pathology information systems	No	18%
	110	10/0
Pharmacy information systems	Yes	33%
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Pharmacy information systems	Yes	33%
Pharmacy information systems PACS	Yes No	33% 26%
Pharmacy information systems PACS Automatic vaccination alerting system	Yes No No	33% 26% 10%
Pharmacy information systems PACS Automatic vaccination alerting system ICT-assisted functions	Yes No No Country response	33% 26% 10% Global "yes" response§

5. Use of eLearning in health sciences

eLearning programmes country overview			
Health sciences students – Pre-service	Country response	Global "yes" response§	
Medicine	Yes	58%	
Dentistry	No	39%	
Public health	Yes	50%	
Nursing & midwifery	No	47%	
Pharmacy	No	38%	
Biomedical/Life sciences	Yes	42%	
Health professionals – In-service	Country response	Global "yes" response§	
Medicine	N/A	58%	
Dentistry	N/A	30%	
Public health	N/A	47%	
Nursing & midwifery	N/A	46%	
Pharmacy	N/A	31%	
Biomedical/Life sciences	N/A	34%	

6. mHealth



mHealth programmes country overview		
Accessing/providing health services	Health system level**	Programme type**
Toll-free emergency	Intermediate	Established
Health call centres	National	Established
Appointment reminders	National, Intermediate	Established
Mobile telehealth	Intermediate	Established
Management of disasters and emergencies	National, Intermediate	Established
Treatment adherence	Intermediate	Established
Accessing/providing health information	Health system leve!**	Programme type**
Community mobilization	National, Intermediate	Established
Access to information, databases and tools	Intermediate	Established
Patient records	National, Intermediate	Established
mLearning	Reg, Nat, Intm, Loc	Established
Decision support systems	National, Intermediate	Established
Collecting health information	Health system leve!**	Programme type**
Patient monitoring	Intermediate	Established
Health surveys	National, Intermediate	Established
Disease surveillance	National, Intermediate	Established

7. Social media

Social media and health	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted
National policy or strategy on the use of social media by government organizations	No	18%	N/A
Policy or strategy makes specific reference to its use in the health domain	‡	5%	
Health care organizations – use of social media		Country response	Global "yes" response§
Promote health messages as a part of health promotion campaigns		Yes	78%
Help manage patient appointments		No	24%
Seek feedback on services		Yes	56%
Make general health announcements		Yes	72%
Make emergency announcements		Yes	59%
Individuals and communities – use of social media		Country response	Global "yes" response§
Learn about health issues	Learn about health issues		79%
Help decide what health services to use		Yes	56%
Provide feedback to health facilities or health professionals		No	62%
Run community-based health campaigns		Yes	62%
Participate in community-based health forums		Yes	59%

8. Big data

Policy or strategy – purpose	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted
Governing the use of big data in the health sector	Yes	17%	2013
Governing the use of big data by private companies	No	8%	N/A

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* Country context indicators

ICT Development Index Rank. 2015 - https://www.itu.int/net4/ITU-D/idi/2015/ All other country indicators. Global Health Observatory. 2012-2014 http://www.who.int/gho

Glossary

Indicates the percentage of participating Member States responding "Yes"

N/A Not applicable

Indicates question was unanswered

Question not asked Zero No funding

International level: Health entities in different geographic regions

Regional level: Health entities in countries in the same geographic region National level: Referral hospitals, laboratories and health institutes (mainly public, but also private)

Intermediate level: District or provincial facilities: public and private hospitals

and health centres

Local or peripheral level: Health posts, health centres providing basic level of care Informal: Use of ICT for health purposes in the absence of formal

processes and policies Pilot: Testing and evaluating a programme

Established: An ongoing programme that has been conducted for a

minimum of 2 years and is planned to continue