Morocco



Country context*	Population (000s)	33,008	Life expectancy at birth (years)	71
	GNI per capita (PPP Int \$)	7,000	Total health expenditure (% GDP)	6
	Physician density (per 10 000 population)	0.62	ICT Development Index rank	89
	Nurse & midwife density (per 10 000 population)	0.89	Mobile-cellular subscriptions (% population)	119.97
	Hospital bed density (per 10 000 population)	11	Internet users (% population)	55

1. eHealth foundations

National policies or strategies					
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted		
National universal health coverage policy or strategy	Yes	75%	2002		
National eHealth policy or strategy	No	58%	N/A		
National health information system (HIS) policy or strategy	Yes	66%	2004		
National telehealth policy or strategy	No	22%	N/A		
Funding sources for eHealth					
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Funding source %**		
Public funding	Yes	77%	50-75%		
Private or commercial funding	Yes	40%	<25%		
Donor/non-public funding	Yes	63%	<25%		
Public-private partnerships	Yes	42%	<25%		
Multilingualism in eHealth					
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted		
Policy or strategy on multilingualism	Yes	28%	1956		
Government-supported Internet sites in multiple languages	Yes	48%			
eHealth capacity building					
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Proportion**		
Health sciences students – Pre-service training in eHealth	Yes	74%	50-75%		
Health professionals – In-service training in eHealth	Yes	77%	<25%		

2. Legal frameworks for eHealth

Policy or legislation – purpose	Country response	Global "yes" response§
Defines medical jurisdiction , liability or reimbursement of eHealth services such as telehealth	No	31%
Addresses patient safety and quality of care based on data quality, data transmission standards or clinical competency criteria	No	46%
Protects the privacy of personally identifiable data of individuals irrespective of whether it is in paper or digital format	Yes	78%
Protects the privacy of individuals' health-related data held in electronic format in an EHR	No	54%
Governs the sharing of digital data between health professionals in other health services in the same country through the use of an EHR	No	34%
Governs the sharing of digital data between health professionals in health services in other countries through the use of an EHR	Yes	22%
Governs the sharing of personal and health data between research entities	Yes	39%
Allows individuals electronic access to their own health-related data when held in an EHR	No	29%
Allows individuals to demand their own health-related data be corrected when held in an EHR if it is known to be inaccurate	No	32%
Allows individuals to demand the deletion of health-related data from their EHR	No	18%
Allows individuals to specify which health-related data from their EHR can be shared with health professionals of their choice	No	28%
Governs civil registration and vital statistics	Yes	76%
Governs national identification management systems	No	65%



3. Telehealth

Telehealth programmes country overview				
	Health system level**	Programme type**		
Teleradiology	Local	Pilot		
Teledermatology	‡	‡		
Telepathology	‡	‡		
Telepsychiatry	‡	‡		
Remote patient monitoring	‡	‡		

4. Electronic Health Records (EHRs)

EHR country overview				
	Country response	Year introduced		
National EHR system	No	N/A		
Legislation governing the use of the national EHR system	‡			
Health facilities with EHR	Use EHR	Facilities with EHR %**		
Primary care facilities (e.g. clinics and health care centres)	N/A	‡		
Secondary care facilities (e.g. hospitals, emergency care)	N/A	ţ.		
Tertiary care facilities (e.g. specialized care, referral from primary/secondary care)	N/A	ţ		
Other electronic systems	Country response	Global "yes" response§		
Laboratory information systems	N/A	35%		
Pathology information systems	N/A	18%		
Pharmacy information systems	N/A	33%		
PACS	N/A	26%		
Automatic vaccination alerting system	N/A	10%		
ICT-assisted functions	Country response	Global "yes" response§		
Electronic medical billing systems	Yes	58%		
Supply chain management information systems	No	58%		
Human resources for health information systems	Yes	69%		

5. Use of eLearning in health sciences

eLearning programmes country overview				
Health sciences students – Pre-service	Country response	Global "yes" response§		
Medicine	N/A	58%		
Dentistry	N/A	39%		
Public health	N/A	50%		
Nursing & midwifery	N/A	47%		
Pharmacy	N/A	38%		
Biomedical/Life sciences	N/A	42%		
Health professionals – In-service	Country response	Global "yes" response§		
Medicine	No	58%		
Dentistry	No	30%		
Public health	Yes	47%		
Nursing & midwifery	Yes	46%		
Pharmacy	No	31%		
Biomedical/Life sciences	No	34%		

Morocco

6. mHealth

mHealth programmes country overview					
Accessing/providing health services	Health system level**	Programme type**			
Toll-free emergency	National	Established			
Health call centres	National	Established			
Appointment reminders	National	Pilot			
Mobile telehealth	Intermediate	Pilot			
Management of disasters and emergencies	‡	‡			
Treatment adherence	Local	Pilot			
Accessing/providing health information	Health system level**	Programme type**			
Community mobilization	National	Established			
Access to information, databases and tools	‡	‡			
Patient records	‡	‡			
mLearning	‡	‡			
Decision support systems	‡	‡			
Collecting health information	Health system level**	Programme type**			
Patient monitoring	‡	‡			
Health surveys	National	Established			
Disease surveillance	National	Pilot			

7. Social media

Social media and health	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted
National policy or strategy on the use of social media by government organizations	No	18%	N/A
Policy or strategy makes specific reference to its use in the health domain	‡	5%	
Health care organizations – use of social media		Country response	Global "yes" response§
Promote health messages as a part of health promotion campaigns		Yes	78%
Help manage patient appointments		No	24%
Seek feedback on services		Yes	56%
Make general health announcements		Yes	72%
Make emergency announcements		Yes	59%
Individuals and communities – use of social media		Country response	Global "yes" response§
Learn about health issues	Learn about health issues		79%
Help decide what health services to use		No	56%
Provide feedback to health facilities or health professionals		Yes	62%
Run community-based health campaigns		Yes	62%
Participate in community-based health forums			59%

8. Big data

Policy or strategy – purpose	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted
Governing the use of big data in the health sector	No	17%	N/A
Governing the use of big data by private companies	No	8%	N/A

LEGEND

* Country context indicators

International level: Health entities in different geographic regions **Regional level:** Health entities in countries in the same geographic region ICT Development Index Rank. 2015 - https://www.itu.int/net4/ITU-D/idi/2015/ All other country indicators. Global Health Observatory. 2012-2014 -National level: Referral hospitals, laboratories and health institutes (mainly http://www.who.int/gho public, but also private) Intermediate level: District or provincial facilities: public and private hospitals ** Glossary and health centres § Indicates the percentage of participating Member States responding "Yes" Local or peripheral level: Health posts, health centres providing basic level of care Don't know Informal: Use of ICT for health purposes in the absence of formal N/A Not applicable processes and policies Indicates question was unanswered ± Pilot: Testing and evaluating a programme Question not asked Established: An ongoing programme that has been conducted for a Zero No funding

http://www.who.int/goe

minimum of 2 years and is planned to continue