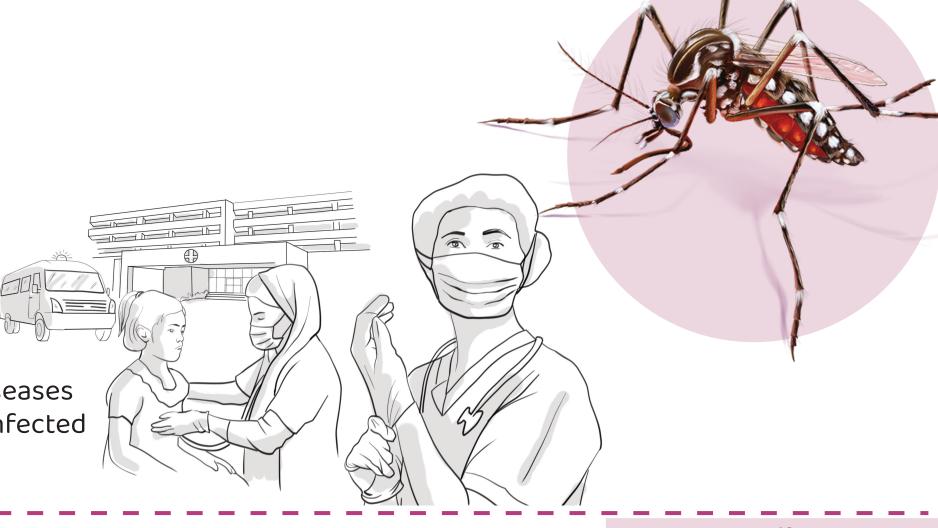
Dengue

Information for health workers



Vector-borne diseases transmitted by infected mosquitoes.





Type of

exposure & prevention

Bite of an infected *Aedes* mosquito. Dengue can be transmitted by pregnant women to fetus during pregnancy or around the time of birth. To prevent dengue:



- ► Emergency vector control measures such as spraying insecticides during outbreaks in coordination with health authorities
- ► Safely dispose of all items that can collect water
- Cover all water tanks and storage and empty unused water

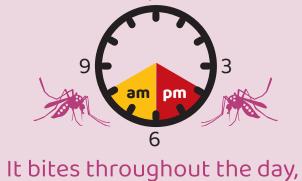
Reduce mosquito bites:

- ► Use window screens, repellents, insecticide treated bed nets, coils and vaporizers
- ► Wear light coloured clothing that cover your arms and legs
- ▶ Get vaccinated



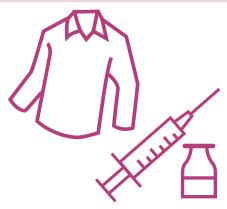






especially between

6 and 8 am & 4 and 6 pm sunrise & sunset

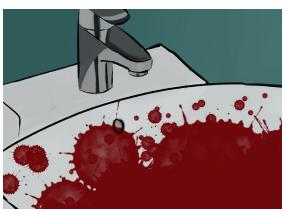


Symptoms

Symptoms of severe dengue include:



Bleeding in gums



Blood in vomit



Severe abdominal pain



Rapid breathing

Symptoms of mild dengue include:



Fever with a drop in body temperature (below 38 °C, 100 °F)



Headache



Sore muscles



Fatigue



Persistent vomiting

Actions to take in case of symptoms:



Seek medical advice immediately. Start treatment and inform your supervisor. Rest until you fully recover.

