



Epidemiological Week 13 (27 Mar – 2 Apr 2022)

Cumulative samples tested



562,505

In public laboratories only

New samples tested in week13



4,275

In public laboratories only

Cumulative confirmed cases

177,827

Cumulative percent positivity (31.6%)

New confirmed cases in week13



289

Weekly percent positivity (7%)

Cumulative confirmed deaths



7,671

CFR (4.31 %)

New confirmed deaths in week13

113 %



9

Weekly CFR (3.1%)

Key: **1** increasing **↓** decreasing **●** no change

Table 1: Summary of COVID-19 indicators in the last 8 weeks in Afghanistan (5 Feb – 2 Apr 2022)

Indicators	W06-22	W07-22	W08-22	W09-22	W10-22	W11-22	W12-22	W13-22	Epi-curve
Samples tested (in public Labs)	9,001	4,170	3,972	4,234	6,028	5,479	4,287	4,275	1
Confirmed cases	4,317	1,601	1,189	1,187	1,477	887	432	289	*****
Percent positivity (%)	48.0	38.4	30	28	25	16	10	7	
Confirmed deaths	60	43	52	29	18	11	8	9	
CFR (%)	1.4	2.7	4	2.4	1.2	1.2	1.9	3.1	

Highlights of the week

Since the beginning of the pandemic in Feb 2020, a total of 562,505 as of week 13, 2022 (27 Mar – 2 Apr 2022) samples have been tested for COVID-19 through the public laboratories in the country.

Region

Epi-curve

of new cases compared to

In week13-2022, **4,275** samples were tested in public labs, of which **289** samples tested positive for COVID-19 (percent positivity **7**) and **9** new deaths were reported. This represents a **33%** decrease in cases and **13%** increase in deaths, compared to week 12 2022, respectively **(Table 1)**.

Cumulatively, 177,827 confirmed cases (overall percent positivity 31.6) of COVID-19 with 7,671 associated deaths (case fatality ratio = 4.31%) have been reported in Afghanistan since Feb 2020.

As of 2nd April 2022, 90.3 %, cases have recovered.

In week 13, 2022, the highest numbers of COVID-19 cases were reported in the South and East regions (96 and 56 cases, respectively) (Table 2). The top five provinces that reported positive cases included Kandahar (67 cases), Nangarhar (45 cases), Takhar (22 cases), Helmand (14 cases), and Kunduz (14 cases).

Table 2: COVID-19 cases by region in Afghanistan, as of week 13, 2022 (27 Mar – 2 Apr 2022)

Region	Epi-curve	# of new cases in week 13 (%)	% of change compared to week 12	Cumulative number (%)						
Central East	~~~	27 (9 %)	-56%	48,742 (27.4%)						
Central West		13 (4%)	-52%	14,780 (8.3%)						
East		56 (19%)	-8%	20,407 (11.5%)						
North		20 (7%)	33%	14,794 (8.3%)						
North East		54 (19%)	13%	18,683 (10.5%)						
South	~~~	93 (32%)	-46%	21,350 (12.0%)						
South East	~~~	12 (4%)	-20%	11,639 (6.5%)						
West	hunhun	14 (5%)	-56%	27,432 (15.4%)						
National	~~~	289 (100%)	-33%	177,827 (100%)						

Overall, Afghanistan has reported **4,749** confirmed cases and **97** associated deaths among healthcare workers (HCWs) since 2020. To date, Herat, Kabul, Nangarhar, Balkh and Kunar reported the highest number of positive cases among HCWs.

Figure 1: Number of weekly PCR tests conducted and 2-week moving average of percent positivity in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 2 Apr 2022)

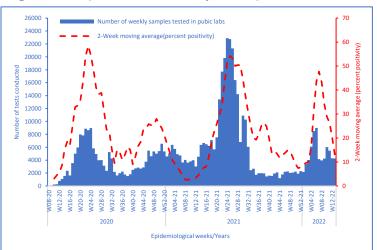


Figure 3: Weekly distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 2 Apr 2022)

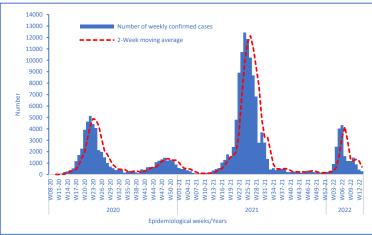
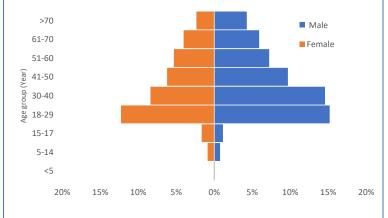


Figure 5: Age & sex distribution of COVID-19 cases in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 2 Apr 2022)



Of the confirmed COVID-19 cases, **58%** have been reported among males and **42%** among females. Majority of cases have been reported among those aged **18-40** years.

Figure 2: Geographic distribution of COVID-19 confirmed cases in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 2 Arp 2022)

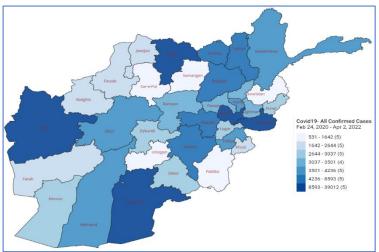


Figure 4: Weekly distribution of COVID-19 associated deaths in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 2 Apr 2022)

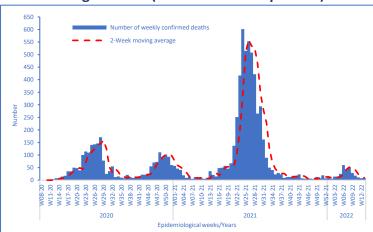
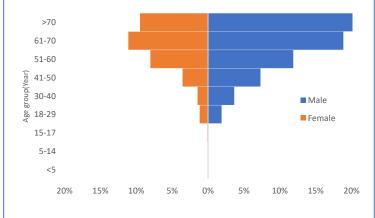


Figure 6: Age & sex distribution of COVID-19 associated deaths in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 2 Apr 2022)



Of the COVID-19 associated deaths, 65% were reported among males and 35% among females. The trend indicates that most reported deaths were among those aged over 70 years.

Figure 7: Proportion of underlying medical conditions among COVID-19 associated deaths in Afghanistan, 24 Feb 2020 - 2 Apr 2022 (n=1,715)

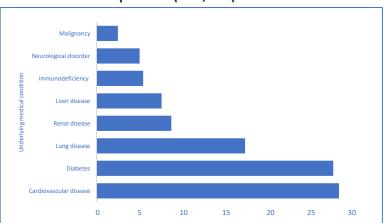


Figure 8: Weekly cumulative COVID-19 confirmed cases and recoveries in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 2 Apr 2022)



COVID-19 Vaccination highlights

Number of individuals who are fully vaccinated:

4,532,294

Number of individuals who are partially vaccinated:

1,340,106

People who have received at least one dose of any vaccine:

5,872,400

Proportion of total population who are fully vaccinated

11.5%

Proportion of total population who are partially vaccinated

3.4%



Figure 9: Distribution of individuals who received at least one dose by target group in Afghanistan, as of 2 Apr 2022

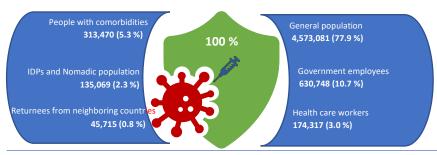


Figure 10: Distribution of administered doses by gender in Afghanistan, as of 2 Apr 2022

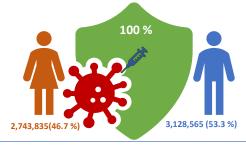


Figure 11: Vaccination doses administered by vaccine type, as of 2 Apr 2022

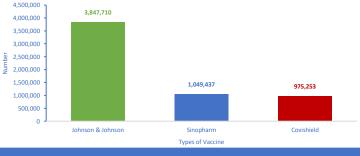
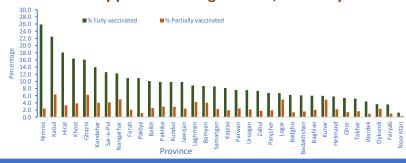


Figure 12: Proportion of fully & partially vaccinated individuals by province in Afghanistan, as of 2 Apr 2022



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 Total population: 39,269,174 (Ref: UN estimation, AFG_CMYP_2022)
 Data source: DHIS2-MoPH-Afghanistan, Public dashboard: http://covid.moph-dw.org/#/