



Epidemiological Week 33 (14-20 Aug 2022)

Cumulative samples tested

672,965

In public laboratories only

New samples tested in week 33



7,313

In public laboratories only

Cumulative confirmed cases 190,767

Cumulative percent positivity (28.3%)

New confirmed cases in week 33



1,629

Weekly percent positivity (22%)

1 3 %

Cumulative confirmed deaths



7,764

CFR (4.0 %)

New confirmed deaths in week 33

17 %



5

Weekly CFR (0.3%)

Key: **↑** increasing **↓** decreasing **●** no change

Table 1: Summary of COVID-19 indicators in the last 8 weeks in Afghanistan (26 Jun – 20 Aug 2022)

Indicators	W26-22	W27-22	W28-22	W29-22	W30-22	W31-22	W32-22	W33-22	Epi-curve
Samples tested (in public Labs)	7,207	4,468	2,160	6,438	5,507	8,605	7,651	7,313	
Confirmed cases	566	531	352	1,055	1,103	1,776	1,587	1,629	
Percent positivity (%)	8	12	16	16	20	21	21	22	
Confirmed deaths	7	4	3	7	10	5	6	5	
CFR (%)	1.2	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.4	0.3	444

Highlights of the week

- Since the beginning of the pandemic in Feb 2020, a total of 672,965 samples have been tested for COVID-19 through the public laboratories in the country.
- In week 33-2022, 7,313 samples were tested in public labs, of which 1,629 samples tested positive for COVID-19 (percent positivity 22) and 5 new deaths were reported. This represents 3% increase in cases and 17% decrease in deaths, respectively, compared to week 32-2022, (Table 1).
- Cumulatively, 190,767 confirmed cases (overall percent positivity 28.3) of COVID-19 with 7,764 associated deaths (case fatality ratio = 4.0%) have been reported in Afghanistan since Feb 2020.
- As of 20th Aug 2022, **89.2** %, of cases have recovered.
- In week 33-2022, 5 out of 8 regions reported increase in the number of newly reported cases during week 33 compared to week 32(Table 2). The top five provinces that reported positive cases included Kabul (179 cases), Wardak (144 cases), Nangarhar (145 cases), Parwan (115 cases), and Badakhshan (89 cases).
- The WHO supported building the in-country capacity for genome sequencing, after training of two national staff on sequencing techniques in Dubai (December 2021). The WHO supported the procurement of the Oxford Nanopore Sequencer with the reagents and consumables. Initially, the plan is to conduct genome sequencing for COVID-19, with a plan to extend it to include other high-threat pathogens. The team is currently working on processing the COVID-19 samples for sequencing, the results will be shared when available.

Table 2: COVID-19 cases by region in Afghanistan, as of week 33, 2022 (14-20 Aug 2022)

Region	Epi-curve	# of new cases in week 33 (%)	% of change compared to week 32	Cumulative number (%)
Central East	~~	286 (18%)	7%	51,241 (26.9%)
Central West	~~\~~	388 (24%)	-8%	17,280 (9.1%)
East	~~~~	216 (13%)	-15%	22,626 (11.9%)
North	\	128 (8%)	21%	15,774 (8.2%)
North East		309 (19%)	-10%	21,341 (11.2%)
South	~~~~	181 (11%)	53%	22,369 (11.7%)
South East	~~~	74 (4%)	32%	12,428 (6.5%)
West	1 hr	47 (3%)	194%	27,708 (14.5%)
National	~~~	1,629 (100%)	3%	190,767 (100%)

- In week 33-2022, 4 new cases have been reported among health care workers from Badakhshan (3 cases) and Kabul (1 case) provinces.
- There has been no new death reported among HCWs.
- Overall, Afghanistan has reported 4,786 confirmed cases and 97 associated deaths among healthcare workers (HCWs) since 2020. To date, Herat, Kabul, Nangarhar, Balkh and Kunar reported the highest number of positive cases among HCWs.

Figure 1: Number of weekly PCR tests conducted and 2-week moving average of percent positivity in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 – 20 Aug 2022)

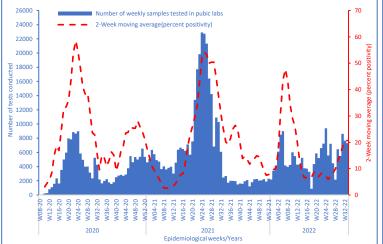


Figure 3: Weekly distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 20 Aug 2022)

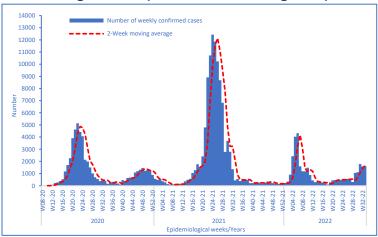
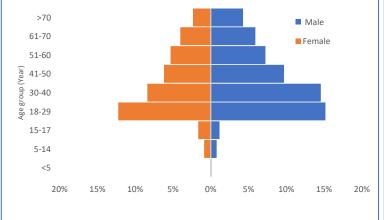


Figure 5: Age & sex distribution of COVID-19 cases in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 20 Aug 2022)



 Of the confirmed COVID-19 cases, 58% have been reported among males and 42% among females. Majority of cases have been reported among those aged 18-40 years.

Figure 2: Geographic distribution of COVID-19 confirmed cases in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 20 Aug 2022)

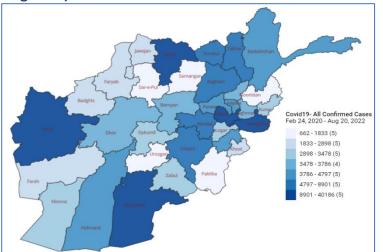


Figure 4: Weekly distribution of COVID-19 associated deaths in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 20 Aug 2022)

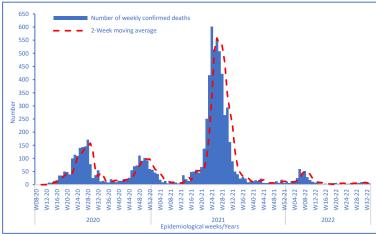
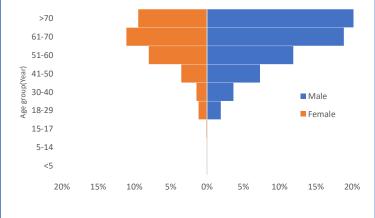


Figure 6: Age & sex distribution of COVID-19 associated deaths in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 20 Aug 2022)



 Of the COVID-19 associated deaths, 65% were reported among males and 35% among females. The graph indicates that most reported deaths were among those aged over 70 years.

Figure 7: Proportion of underlying medical conditions among COVID-19 associated deaths in Afghanistan, 24 Feb 2020 - 20 Aug 2022 (n=1,897)

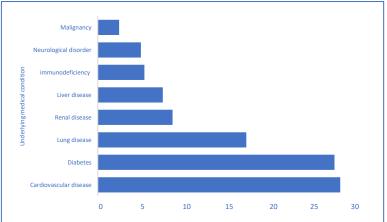


Figure 8: Weekly cumulative COVID-19 confirmed cases and recoveries in Afghanistan (24 Feb 2020 - 20 Aug 2022)

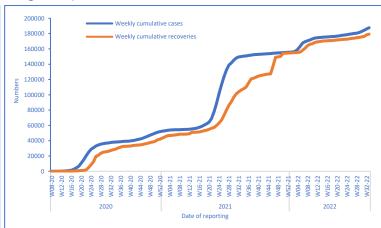
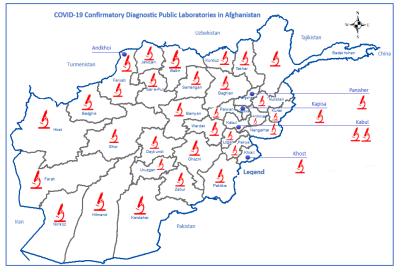


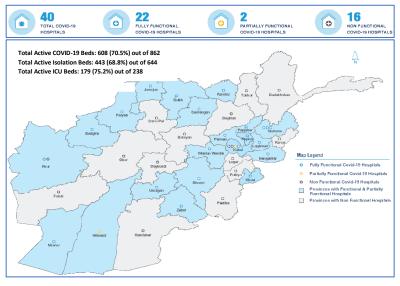
Figure 9: COVID-19 confirmatory diagnostic public laboratories in Afghanistan, as of 20 Aug 2022



Laboratory functionality updates:

- WHO has supported the establishment of COVID-19 laboratories since the start of the pandemic. The support included the provision of diagnostic equipment, infrastructure, capacity building and human resources.
- As of 20 Aug 2022, there are 36 out of 37 COVID-19 laboratories functional across 34 provinces.
- The testing capacity is 9,200 tests/24 hours.
- Recently the WHO supported 14 GeneXpert PCR machines in 12 provinces with an average capacity of 1000 tests per day.

Figure 10: COVID-19 hospitals status run by MoPH and other partners in Afghanistan, as of 20 Aug 2022



Integration of COVID-19 services into the current system

- Since the start of the pandemic, 40 COVID-19 hospitals were established in almost all provinces with number of beds ranging between 20 to 100.
- Since the beginning of 2022, there was a decrease in the COVID-19 incidence with low hospitalization rate in designated hospitals.
- The current bed occupancy rate (BOR) is around 52.4
- After discussion with the de facto MOPH, there was an agreement on the integration of the COVID-19 into the currently existing public hospitals. The integration process has started with a joint comprehensive assessment.
- The assessment will enable health sector to identify the current status of COVID-19 hospitals in the country and recommend integration options.
- The assessment has been completed and the findings will be shared when available.

Figure 11: Percentage of hospitalized cases out of all COVID-19 confirmed cases in Afghanistan as of 20 Aug 2022

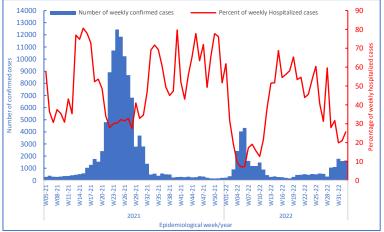
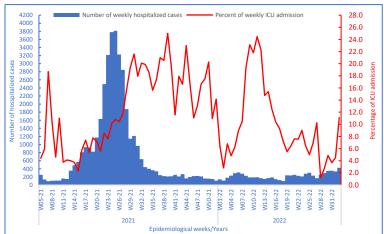


Figure 12: Percentage of ICU admissions out of all COVID-19 hospitalized cases in Afghanistan as of 20 Aug 2022



COVID-19 Vaccination highlights

Number of individuals who are fully vaccinated:

9,751,395

Number of individuals who are partially vaccinated:

1,619,738

People who have received at least one dose of any vaccine:

11,371,133

Proportion of total population who are fully vaccinated

24.8%



Proportion of total population who are partially vaccinated

4.1%



Figure 13: Distribution of individuals who received at least one dose by target group in Afghanistan, as of 20 Aug 2022

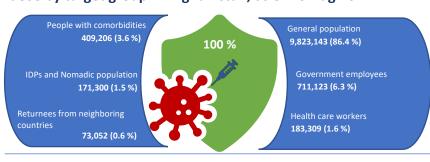


Figure 14: Distribution of administered doses by gender in Afghanistan, as of 20 Aug 2022

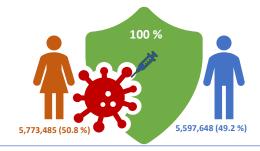
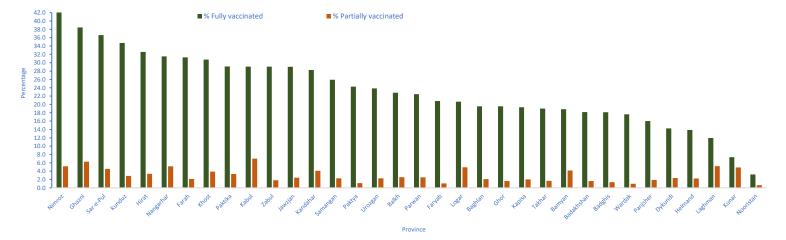


Figure 15: Proportion of fully & partially vaccinated individuals by province in Afghanistan, as of 20 Aug 2022



COVID-19 vaccination campaign

- Currently, there are 347 fixed sites supported by WHO, UNICEF, CORDAID and Swedish Committee.
- A countrywide vaccination campaign has been started on 16th July 2022 with the help of 1,390 mobile teams and will continue for one month
- The target population is 4.8 million over 18 years old in all 34 provinces.
- The campaign was started on 16 July 2022 and ended on 14 Aug 2022, totaling 4.7 M individuals have been vaccinated through the campaigns.
- About 55 % of the doses were received by females.
- The highest number of vaccine doses were administered in Nangarhar (452,037), Hirat (409,234), and Balkh (224,739).

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 Total population: 39,269,174 (Ref: UN estimation, AFG_CMYP_2022)
 Data source: DHIS2-MoPH-Afghanistan, Public dashboard: http://covid.moph-dw.org/#/