

Read the situation update for November 2019 At the end of November 2019, a total of 2494 laboratory-confirmed cases of Middle East respiratory syndrome (MERS), including 858 associated deaths (case–fatality rate:34.4%) were reported globally; the majority of these cases were reported from Saudi Arabia (2102 cases, including 780 related deaths with a case–fatality rate of 37.1%).

- Since the last update was published (October MERS situation update), a total of 12 laboratory-confirmed cases of MERS were reported globally including one healthcare worker. All of the cases were reported from Saudi Arabia with 4 associated deaths. Only one of the cases was a female. The healthcare worker was infected in October while providing care for a case. No other cluster of case was reported this month, despite 6 cases being reported from the same region. Three of the cases had their symptom onset in October.
- Change the third paragraph text to: The demographic and epidemiological characteristics of reported cases, when compared during the same corresponding period of 2014 to 2019 (June to November), do not show any significant difference or change. The number of cases reported in this period was less than all other corresponding periods of respective years, except for 2018.
- The age group 50–59 years continues to be at the highest risk for acquiring infection of primary cases. The age group 30–39 years is most at risk for secondary cases. The number of deaths is higher in the age group 50–59 years for primary cases and 70–79 years for secondary cases.

Read the latest MERS update for November 2019

<u>Subscribe</u> to the monthly newsletter from the Infectious Hazard Preparedness unit of the Health Emergencies Programme for the latest data and analysis on epidemic and pandemic-prone diseases as well as news on outbreak preparedness and response within the WHO Eastern Mediterranean Region.

Friday 18th of July 2025 10:04:20 AM