	5 April 2022 "This activity represents an important milestone towards improving the Neonatal and Childhood Illness is the key evidence-based strategy being used globally."
ndromic approach that supports the rational, effective and affordable use of drugs. The sing parents how to give treatments at home; assessing a child's feeding and counselling at the approach is designed for use in outpatient clinical settings with limited diagnostic nited medications and limited opportunities to practise complicated clinical procedures.	guidelines include: methods for checking a child's immunization and nutrition status; to solve feeding problems; and advising parents about when to return to a health fac
n Libya, in collaboration with the Libyan Ministry of Health, held a workshop to adapt ness (IMNCI) to the Libyan context. This 4-day workshop was attended by child health nd hospitals across the country developed specific guidelines for Libya, based on global WHO/UNICEF guidelines.	WHO/UNICEF guidelines on the integrated management of neonatal and childhoo
ough coordination with PHC institute, child health unit and an international consultant Libya which had been finalized in 2020 was endorsed by the Ministry of Health in 2021.	As per the workshop recommendations, finalization of the package process was followed assigned for this task. The final IMNCI training package to
implementation of Libya-specific guidelines and staff training on their application. $\Box$ $\Box$	This was followed by selection of PHC facilities for
n with UNICEF and under the direct technical guidance of the Regional Adviser for the ors were trained by an international course director and 4 international facilitators. $\Box$	In August 2021, first national training of trainers workshop was carried out, in coordina Child and Adolescent Health Programme in the Regional Office, and 24 national facility
conducted all over the country in which 115 physicians were trained and introduced to the national IMNCI standard case management guidelines.	Scaling up training at provincial level was carried out through cascade training worksh
gramme of child health in the WHO country office, explained that each training course HC centres and hospitals for all children under 5. He also clarified that the programme	

targeted both healthy and sick children, in addition to assessing the nutritional and growth status of the child, aiming to reduce complications in the long term that would result in

reduction of under-5 morbidity and mortality rates in Libya and ensure high quality service provision.  $\Box$ 

The WHO country office in Libya is encouraging all health care providers in this area to enrol in these training courses to be able to provide the service to every child in Libya.

All health partners (WHO, UNICEF and the Ministry of Health) are monitoring the implementation of the IMNCI guidelines, aiming to expand PHC centres providing services in line with the national IMNCI guidelines as part of WHO's efforts to achieve universal health coverage.

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